

# **SWMU B-3 BIOREACTOR CONSTRUCTION REPORT**

**CDRL A011B**



*Prepared for:*

**Camp Stanley Storage Activity  
Boerne, Texas**

**February 2007**

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## LIST OF ACRONYMS

BTS	Bioreactor Trench Sump
CC	Cow Creek Limestone
CSSA	Camp Stanley Storage Activity
<i>cis</i> -DCE	<i>cis</i> -1,2-dichloroethene
gpm	gallons per minute
HDPE	high density polyethylene
HOA	Hand or Manual, Off and Automatic
LGR	Lower Glen Rose Formation
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
PCE	tetrachloroethene
PVC	polyvinyl chloride
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
SWMU	Solid Waste Management Unit
SVE	soil vapor extraction
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
TCE	trichloroethene
TCEQ	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
VOC	volatile organic compound



## SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) B-3 is designated by Camp Stanley Storage Activity (CSSA) as a high priority site identified for interim remediation activities. The goal of this Pilot Study is to clean up a potential continuing source of contamination encountered in the underlying aquifer. SWMU B-3 consists of six former disposal trenches located south of Tenberg Drive and east of Salado Creek in the central portion of CSSA as shown in Figure 1.1 (Pilot Study Location Map).

### 1.1 Background

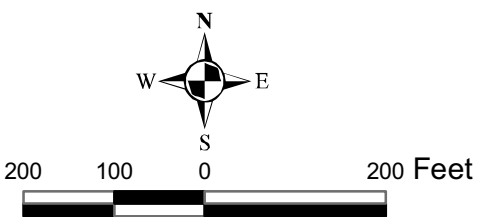
CSSA is located in northwestern Bexar County about 19 miles northwest of San Antonio, Texas. The installation consists of 4,004 acres immediately east of State Highway 3351 and approximately one-half mile from Interstate Highway 10. Additional background information regarding CSSA is located in CSSA's Environmental Encyclopedia (**Volume 1-1, Background Information Report**).

Routine water well testing by the Texas State Department of Health detected the presence of dissolved tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene (TCE) and *cis*-1,2-dichloroethene (*cis*-DCE) in groundwater samples from nearby water wells CS-16 and CS-D (located approximately 400 feet and 600 feet, respectively, northwest of SWMU B-3). The detected concentrations exceeded drinking water standards, and well CS-16 was taken off-line as a post supply well. Well CS-D, which had been used as an agricultural well, was maintained as a monitoring well. Based on the proximity of the site to CS-16 and CS-D, SWMU B-3 became the focus of the volatile organic compound (VOC) plume investigation. Background information regarding the location, size, and known historical use of the site is included in the CSSA Environmental Encyclopedia (**Volume 1-2, SWMU B-3**). This volume includes a Chronology of Actions and a Site-Specific Work Plan for SWMU B-3. Results of a geophysical survey, soil gas survey, soil boring investigation, groundwater sampling, interim removal action, and other treatability studies are also included as part of the CSSA Environmental Encyclopedia (**Volume-3-1, SWMU B-3**).

On May 5, 1999 an Administrative Consent Order was issued to CSSA pursuant to §3008(h) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), and further amended by the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984. In accordance with the Consent Order, a groundwater investigation and corrective measures for impacted groundwater is required. As part of a corrective measures study, the construction of a bioreactor was completed to address contamination released from SWMU B-3 to the underlying limestone and aquifer. This report includes by reference the information presented in the CSSA's Environmental Encyclopedia (**Volume 3-7, Hydrogeologic Conceptual Site Model**).



Aerial Photo Date: 2003







-  Creeks (Dashed where intermittent)
-  Water Well Locations
-  SWMU Boundary
-  Westbay Wells

Figure 1.1  
 Pilot Study Location Map  
 Camp Stanley Storage Activity  
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## 1.2 Pilot Study Objectives

As part of the RCRA Administrative Consent Order, a pilot study using a bioreactor was conceptualized, designed, and constructed at SWMU B-3. The bioreactor is designed to remediate the affected groundwater and unsaturated zone underlying SWMU B-3. The design included excavation, removal, and offsite disposal of affected soil, debris, and waste contained within six trenches. The waste is believed to be a likely source of contaminants impacting the underlying fractured limestone (bedrock) and groundwater.

The objective and overall goal of this pilot study is two-fold:

1. To create a bioreactor treatment cell within the excavated trenches for degrading VOCs in the affected groundwater recovered from wells CS-MW16-LGR and CS-MW16-CC; and
2. To create a liquid organic food source that would gravity drain into the bedrock underlying SWMU B-3 to promote anaerobic degradation of VOC contaminants.

This work was performed by Parsons under the U.S. Air Force Environmental Remediation and Construction Contract No. FA8903-04-D-8675, Task Order 0006. Based on the project statement of work, work plans were established to govern the fieldwork. These include:

- Work Plan Overview (Volume 1-1, TO 0006 Addendum);
- Site-Specific Work Plan(s) (Volume 1-2, SWMU B-3);
- Field Sampling Plan (Volume 1-4, TO 0006 Addendum);
- Waste Management Plan (Volume 1-4, TO 0006 Addendum); and
- Health and Safety Plan (Volume 1-5, TO 0006 Addendum).

## 1.3 Report Objective

The purpose of this report is to document the activities conducted during the construction of the bioreactor. The construction of the bioreactor was accomplished in accordance with the design drawings and specifications for the project.

The general design criteria included placement of a 1:1 mixture by volume of gravel to deciduous tree mulch into the six excavated trenches at SWMU B-3. A water irrigation system was installed on top of the gravel/tree mulch in which water can be pumped from wells CS-MW16-LGR and CS-MW16-CC and delivered into each trench. The CS-MW16 wells will be used as the primary water source because of their proximity to the bioreactor. Additional details on the design and construction of the pilot study bioreactor are included in this report.

## 1.4 Report Organization

An Introduction, which includes project objectives, is presented in Section 1. Section 2 includes relevant information regarding the current conditions at SWMU B-3.

Section 3 includes construction details for the bioreactor at SWMU B-3. Section 4 includes references for this report. Appendices for this report include:

- Appendix A - Class V Aquifer Remediation Injection permit;
- Appendix B - Daily Field Logs, status reports; and
- Appendix C – Design Drawings of Bioreactor, including survey data.

## SECTION 2

### SWMU B-3 BACKGROUND AND CURRENT CONDITIONS

SWMU B-3 was a landfill area thought to have been used primarily for garbage disposal and trash burning from the 1950's through the 1980s. The trench areas were reportedly closed in 1990-1991. In 1991, chlorinated hydrocarbons were detected in groundwater from Well CS-16, approximately 500 feet north-northwest of SWMU B-3. The VOC concentrations, which were above drinking water standards, prompted several investigations aimed at identifying possible source areas that could be contributing to the contamination. SWMU B-3, along with nearby SWMU O-1 (oxidation pond), was identified as potential sources of groundwater contamination within the inner cantonment.

#### 2.1 Environmental setting

CSSA is characterized by a rolling terrain of hills and valleys in which nearly flat-lying limestone formations have been eroded and dissected by streams draining to the east and southeast. The general morphology of this portion of Central Texas is caused by the Balcones Escarpment, which extends westward from San Antonio and northward toward Austin, Texas. Soil cover is relatively thin, and bedrock is often exposed at surface and in creek beds. The Cretaceous-age sediments of Central Texas were deposited as onlapping sequences on a submerged marine plain. CSSA is sited over older-aged deposits of the Travis Peak and Glen Rose Formations of the Trinity Group.

#### 2.2 Hydrogeology

The primary groundwater source at CSSA and surrounding areas is the Middle Trinity Aquifer, the most prolific producer with the best quality water of the three Trinity Aquifers. The Middle Trinity Aquifer consists of the LGR Limestone, the Bexar Shale (as a facies of the Hensell Sand), and the Cow Creek (CC) Limestone. The average combined thickness of the aquifer members is approximately 460 feet. Most general purpose wells within this aquifer are completed as open holes without well screens to maximize groundwater withdrawal from the yielding portions of the aquifer. For additional information on environmental studies and hydrogeology at CSSA, see CSSA's Environmental Encyclopedia (**Volume 3-7 - Hydrogeologic Conceptual Site Model**).

Based on measurements at observation wells, the regional groundwater flow is generally to the south-southeast. The LGR typically has a southward gradient that deviates around mounding which occurs along intermittent Salado Creek near the central and northern portions of the facility (CS-MW4-LGR). The Bexar Shale exhibits the potential for either northward or southward flow, depending on the season. Likewise, the CC Limestone exhibits erratic flow paths, with seasonally radial flow from mounded areas, to a northwestward flow possibly related to off-post pumping along Ralph Fair Road.



Long-term monitoring shows that groundwater response to precipitation events can be swift and dramatic. Depending on the severity of a precipitation event, the groundwater response will occur within several days, or even hours. Average precipitation events do not evoke much response from shallower wells within the LGR, yet deeper wells will respond within days. Such observations indicate that the preponderance of recharge occurs locally while CC recharge occurs elsewhere on the outcrop, and not necessarily within CSSA.

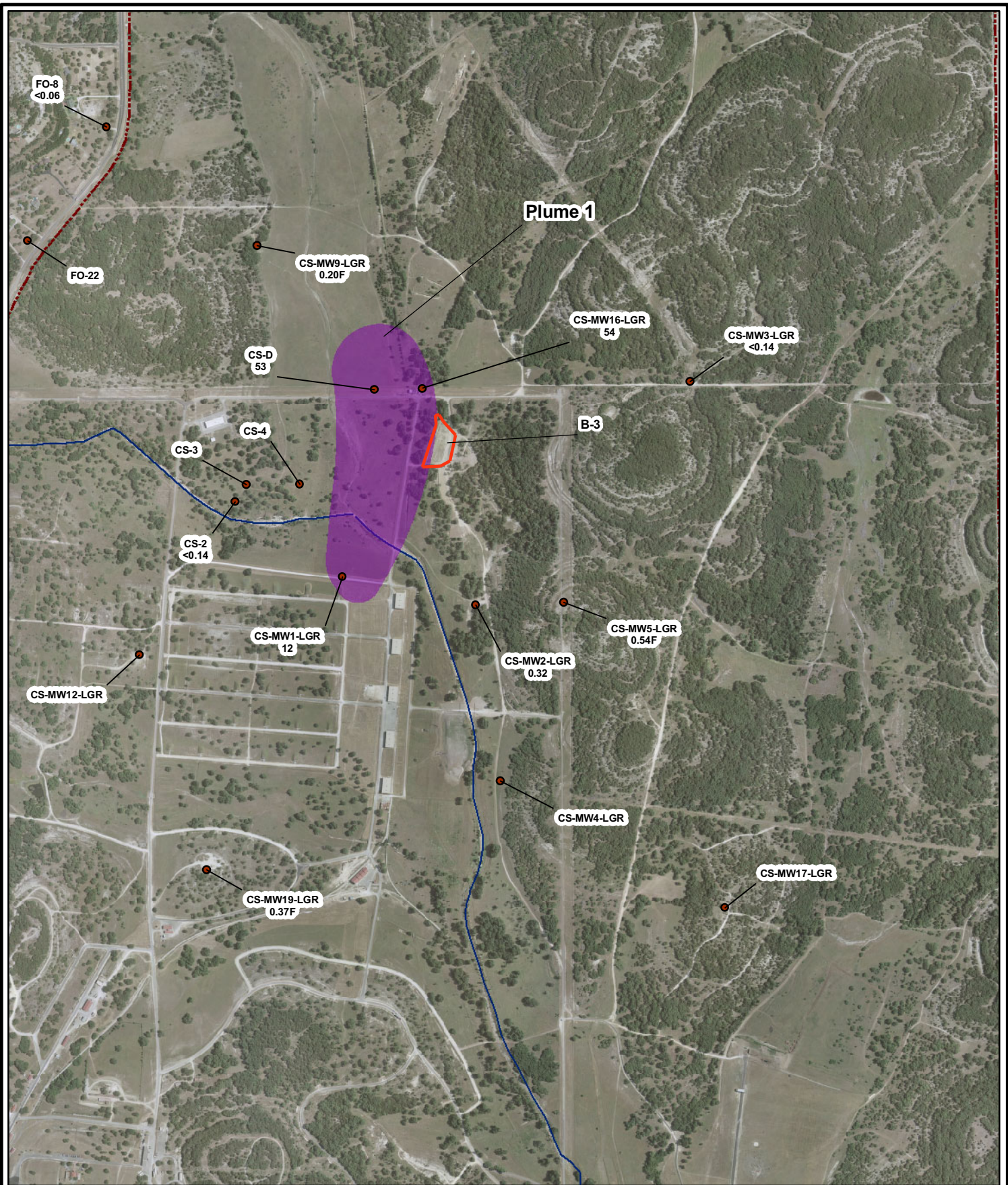
The average precipitation at CSSA is typically above 32 inches per year. The 30-year record (1971-2000) shows a mean annual rainfall average of 37.36 inches in Boerne, Texas. The CSSA weather station reported a 35.39 annual average between 1999 and 2002. Precipitation ranging from 17 inches to 52 inches has been reported within a single year.

### 2.3 Contaminant Distribution

Solvent contamination (PCE, TCE, and *cis*-DCE) was first detected in a water supply well at CSSA during routine monitoring by the Texas Department of Health in 1991. Contamination from past disposal activities resulted in two groundwater units, referred to as Plume 1 (B-3 and O-1) and Plume 2 (AOC-65). The release of solvents to the environment resulted in contamination of the Middle Trinity Aquifer, which is the primary drinking water source for the area. Contamination is most widespread within the LGR water-bearing unit. Locally, the Bexar Shale serves as a confining unit between the water-bearing LGR and CC Limestone. Between 1992 and 1999, CSSA undertook a series of investigations to identify potential source areas for the groundwater contamination, which identified SWMU B-3 and O-1 as likely candidates contributing to groundwater contamination within Plume 1. SWMU B-3 was a landfill where solvents were utilized as an accelerant for burning refuse, and nearby SWMU O-1 was a lined oxidation pond.

Originating from SWMUs B-3 and O-1, Plume 1 has advectively migrated southward to CS-1 at Camp Bullis, and west-southwest toward CSSA well fields (CS-9, CS-10, and CS-11) and several off-post public and private wells. VOC concentrations over maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) are present in Middle Trinity Aquifer wells near the source area. Within SWMU B-3 trenches, concentrations of *cis*-DCE in excess of 24,000 µg/L have been reported in near-surface perched wells. However, contaminant concentrations are below 1 µg/L over most of the Plume 1 area. Trace concentrations associated with Plume 1 have been detected at off-post locations. PCE concentration plumes from monitoring efforts are shown in Figure 2.1, including Plume 1 near SWMU B-3.





**Legend**

- Wells with concentrations in  $\mu\text{g/L}$
- CSSA Boundary
- Salado Creek
- B-3 Boundary
- PCE Concentrations ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ )
- 5 - maximum contaminant level



0 1,000 2,000 Feet

**Figure 2.1**

**Plume 1 - PCE Concentrations  
2006**

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## SECTION 3 CONSTRUCTION OF THE BIOREACTOR

Bioreactor construction began after all waste (affected soil and debris) was removed from the six trenches. Backfilling of the trenches with mulch mixture and installing underground piping was initiated in July 2006 and completed in November 2006.

Permitting and regulatory authorization was necessary to for treating recovered contaminated groundwater within the bioreactor treatment cell. Therefore, based on the general design of the bioreactor, a request for a Class V Aquifer Remediation Injection Well was submitted to the Industrial and Hazardous Waste Permits Section of the Waste Permits Division at the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in May 2006. The permit application was approved July 20, 2006 and TCEQ Authorization Number 5X2600431; WWC 12002216; CN602728206/RN104431655 was assigned to the SWMU B-3 injection system. An amendment to CSSA's Class V Aquifer Remediation Injection permit was submitted November 26, 2006 to authorize the use of a sixth trench that was encountered during removal actions at SWMU B-3. A copy of the Class V Aquifer Remediation Injection Well permit authorization letter and CSSA's amendment request letter is presented in Appendix A.

Construction of the bioreactor was conducted in the following series of steps:

1. Construction of six trenches;
2. Placement of an organic-rich substrate (soybean oil);
3. Installation of twelve trench monitoring sumps and placement of gravel/tree mulch;
4. Installation of subsurface irrigation system;
5. Installation of geofabric;
6. Installation of gravel as cover for the irrigation system; and
7. Installation of water delivery pump and ancillary equipment.

A detail description of each of the steps is summarized within Sections 3.1 – 3.7 of this report. A conceptual diagram of the bioreactor along with the major components associated with the bioreactor is depicted in Figure 3.1. During construction activities, bi-weekly status reports were prepared and submitted to EPA and TCEQ and are provided in Appendix B. The bi-weekly reports present detail summaries of the work progress. Additionally, daily construction notes are provided in Appendix B.

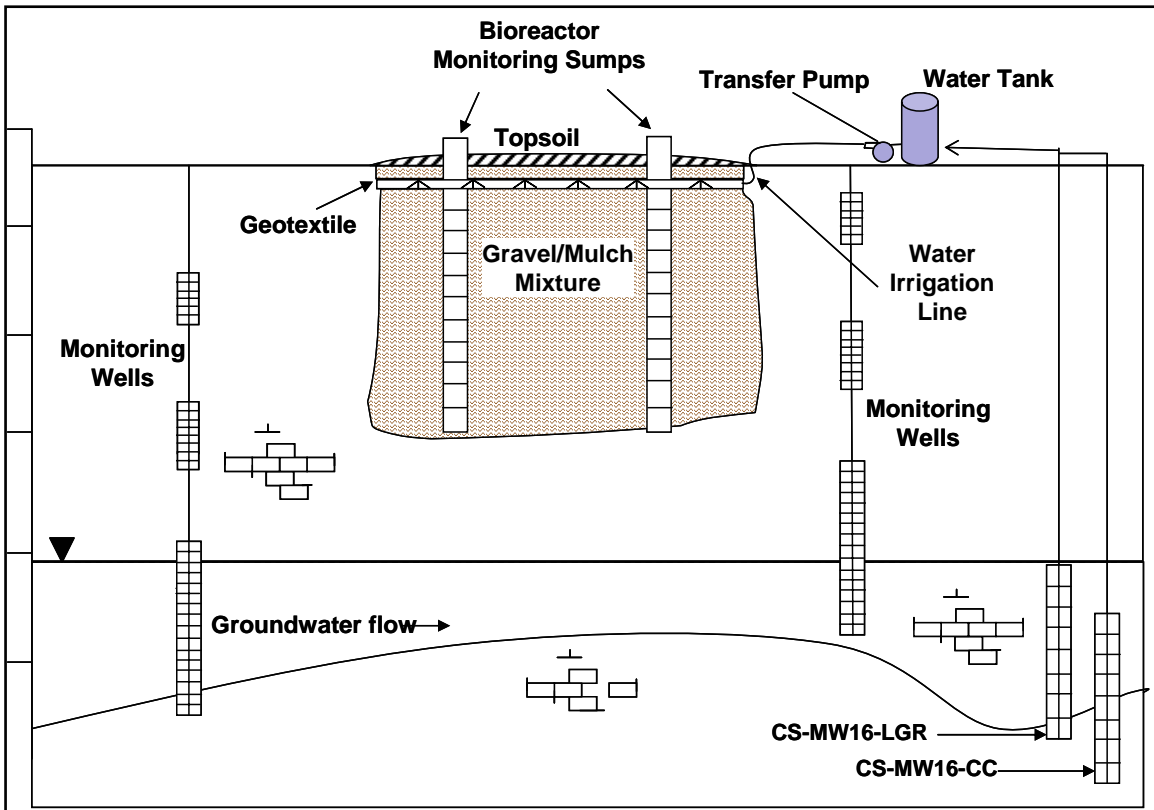
The general concept is to pump water approximately 400 feet from delivery wells CS-MW16-LGR and CS-MW16-CC to a 5,000-gallon storage tank. Level switches within the storage tank will be set to communicate directly with the two water delivery wells to maintain an available water supply in the water tank for the bioreactor. A transfer pump is used to pump water from the storage tank to the network of pipes that



overlay the SWMU B-3 trenches. Water from the storage tank will be sprayed into the gravel/tree mulch mixture in each trench through downward-pointing discharge nozzles located at 10-foot centers along 1.5-inch flexible high density polyethylene (HDPE) pipe. In order to prevent overfilling of the bioreactor, a level switch is included in monitoring sump 1-1 (Trench 1 - sump 1) to control the application of water from the transfer pump. This sump, 1-1 is located in the deepest portion of Trench 1, which is west and downslope of all the other trenches.

Water will be pumped into each trench to create saturated conditions within a portion of the gravel/tree mulch mixture. The capability of the bioreactor to reduce the concentrations of contaminants associated with CS-MW16-LGR and CS-MW16-CC as well as in the subsurface will be accessed through periodic sampling of groundwater monitoring wells located around SWMU B-3. To further enhance anaerobic degradation, possible future plans may call for amending the groundwater from the CS-16 wells with an organic substrate or microbes which could be added to the bioreactor via an eductor located between the transfer pump and the piping network over the trenches.

Figure 3.1 General Components of the Bioreactor



### 3.1 Trench Construction

Equipment and crews were mobilized on April 5, 2006 for excavating and removal of contaminated media and waste within SWMU B-3. Removal actions were completed on July 24, 2006. Removal action details are provided in a separate report (Parsons 2007). The capacity of each trench is based on surveys conducted by Baker Surveying, Inc. from Blanco, TX. The surveyed volumes are listed in Table 3.1 along with maximum depth of the trench base.

**Table 3.1 Volumes and Depths of Trenches after Excavating Soils and Debris from B-3 Trenches**

Trench	Volume of Trench (CF)	Average Depth of Trench Base	
		Depth below grade (Ft)	Elevation above MSL
1	73,600	12.5	1223
2	56,700	8.5	1228.5
3	30,100	7	1232.5
4	21,200	6	1234
5	32,800	7	1234.5
6	38,300	9	1225

Photos of the six trenches within SWMU B-3 are shown in Table 3.2.

### 3.2 Initial Placement of Organic Carbon Substrate

Augmenting the bioreactor with an organic-rich substrate was accomplished to accelerate creation of conditions within the bioreactor to enhance the anaerobic degradation process. After the affected soil had been removed, the weathered limestone was exposed in the six trenches and 220 gallons of soybean oil per trench was sprayed over the northern mid-section of Trenches 1, 2, 3, and 6. These four trenches were selected because Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) sample results for soil samples collected from these four trenches contained elevated levels of specific VOCs above their associated limit as stated in 40 CFR 261.24 Toxicity Characteristic Table 1. The oil was applied within the low points in each of the four trenches. If CSSA requests the addition of soybean oil or similar substrate during the pilot study, the fluid can be added through an eductor that will be located between the transfer pump and the piping network or into direct locations via geoprobe or other injection method(s).

**Table 3.2**      **Photos of trench construction at SWMU B-3**



Trenches 1- 4 looking north



Trenches 1, 2 and 3 looking south



Trench 2 strata



Trench 3 and 4 looking south



Trench 5 looking north



Trench 6 looking south (veg-oil applied to bottom)

### 3.3 Installation of Trench Monitoring Sumps

To monitor the water level and operating/performance conditions in each trench, a minimum of one bioreactor monitoring sump was installed in each of the six bioreactor trenches at SWMU B-3. Figure 3.2 shows the locations of the sumps, which were located in the deepest points of each trench, and includes the orientations of three cross sections presented in Figure 3.3. It should be noted that regulatory and performance monitoring of the bioreactor will be conducted by monitoring both the bioreactor trench sumps and also the surrounding multi-port monitoring wells. The final site survey is shown in Figure 3.4 and includes the location of the surrounding multi-port monitoring wells. The installation of the four wells is documented in *Draft Well Installation Report for Wells CS-WB05 to CS-WB08 and CS-B3-MW01* (Parsons, June 2006).

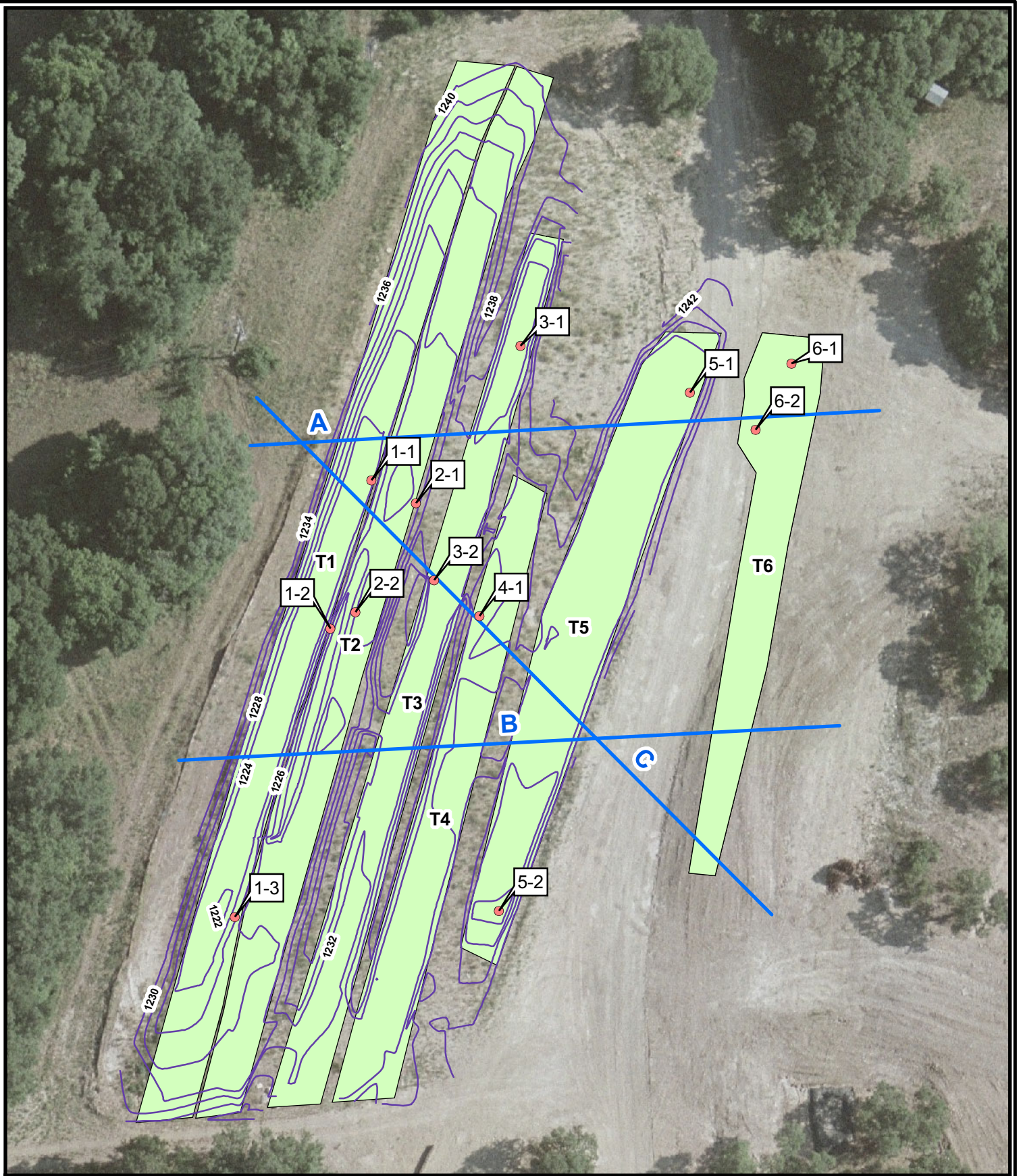
Prior to placement of the gravel/tree mulch mixture into a trench, the monitoring sumps were set in a vertical position within each trench. The sump casing consists of 6-inch diameter, 5-foot long Schedule 40 PVC well screen with 0.01-inch wide slots, a 6-inch schedule 40 PVC riser with end caps. The sump casing was set so there is 2 to 3 feet above the final site grade of each trench. Final top of casing elevations for each monitoring sump is provided in the topographic survey located in Appendix C.

The bioreactor cell will be automated with a high/low level switch in the deepest portion of the bioreactor which is Bioreactor Trench Sump (BTS) 1-1 located in the northern central portion of Trench 1. The excavation of soil from Trenches 1 through 5 revealed that the base of the bioreactor slopes downward from Trench 5 to Trench 1. As shown in Figure 3.4, there are openings in the walls between Trenches 1 through 5 such that water discharged into Trench 5 will flow through the tree mulch/gravel mixture downgradient to Trench 1. Note that Trench 6 is isolated from the other five trenches. However, it is possible that water levels between Trenches 1-5 and Trench 6 could equilibrate because of suspected bedding planes in the formation. Monitoring of the sumps during operation of the bioreactor will indicate whether there is hydraulic communication between Trench 6 and Trenches 1 -5.

**Table 3.3 Estimated Water Volumes with a Minimum 1-Foot Saturated Layer across the Bioreactor Base**

Trenches	Water Elevation (Ft MSL)	Approximate Water Volume for a Gravel/Bark Mulch Porosity of 0.5 (Gal)	Number of Times to Refill/Discharge Water from a 5000 Gal Storage Tank
Tr-1 through Tr-5	1234.5	425,000	85
Tr-6	1243.5	118,000	24





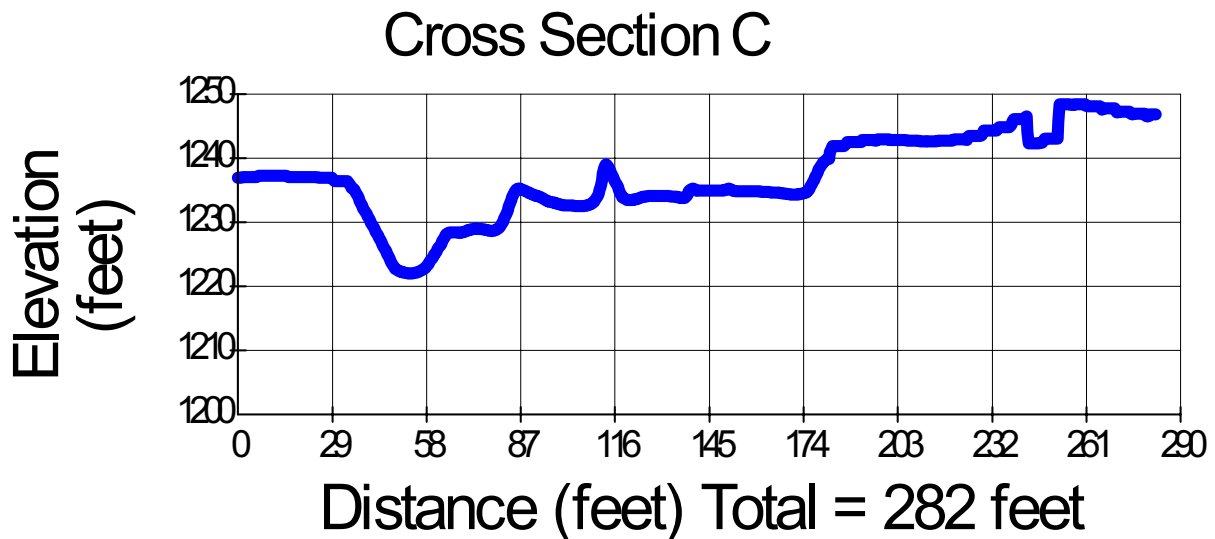
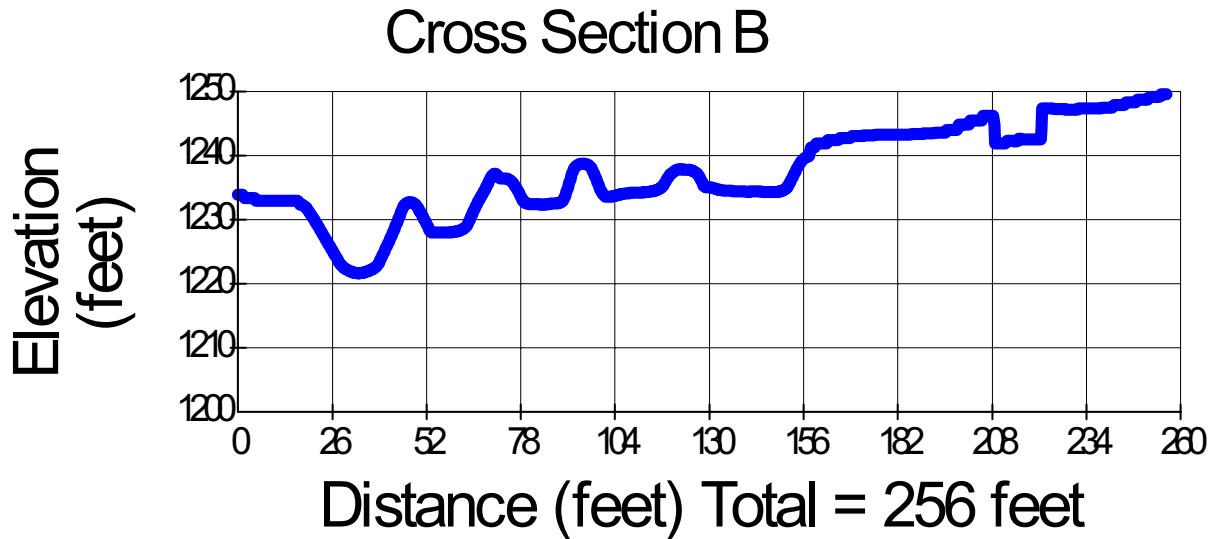
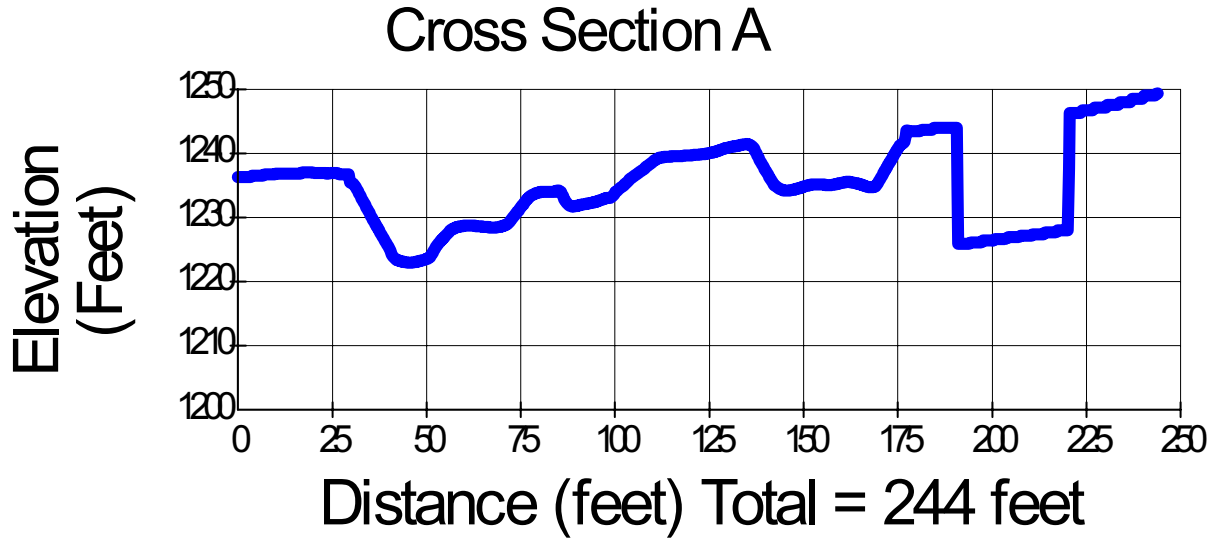
- Bioreactor Trench Sumps
- Cross-sections
- Contours
- Trenches

Figure 3.2

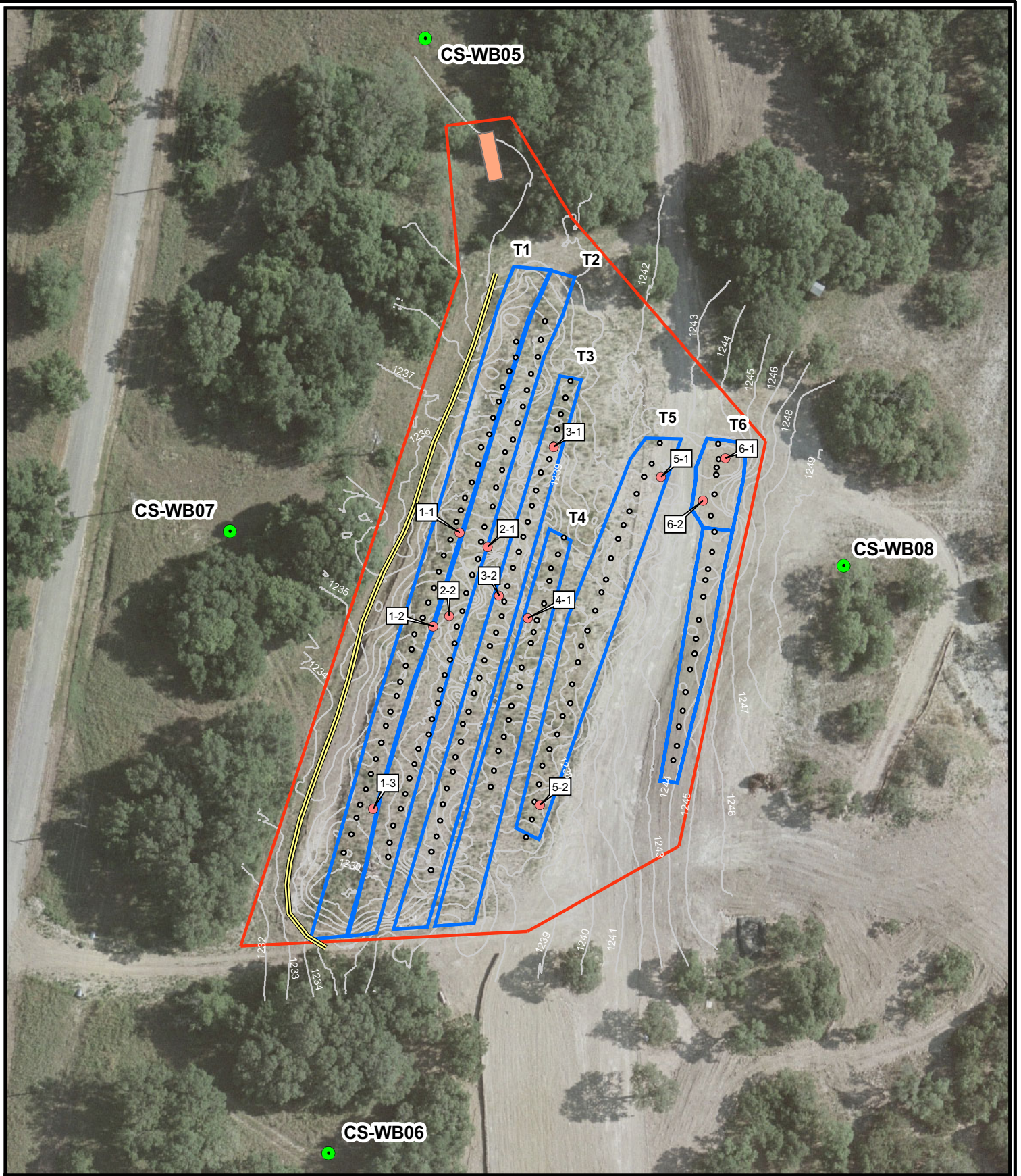
B-3 Trenches, Cross-sections  
and Sump Locations  
Camp Stanley Storage Activity

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**Figure 3.3 Trench Cross-Sections**







- Irrigation Nozzles
- Bioreactor Trench Sumps
- Westbay Wells
- B3 Boundary
- Elevation Contours (1' interval)
- Berm Location
- Tank
- Former Trench Locations

Figure 3.4

B-3 Site Survey Map  
Camp Stanley Storage Activity

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### 3.4 Placement of the Gravel/Tree Mulch Material

The trenches were backfilled with a mixture of gravel and tree mulch at a ratio of 1:1 by volume. The materials were mixed at the surface and the mixture was placed into the trenches with special precaution being taken when placing the material around the bioreactor monitoring sumps. The source of the tree mulch was single-ground deciduous tree mulch purchased from Gardenville located in San Antonio, Texas. The predominantly quartz-based gravel ranged from 0.125 to 0.25 inches in diameter and was subangular to subrounded, and the tree mulch was approximately 2 inches in nominal size. The gravel/tree mulch mixture was placed into the trenches to a height of 2 feet below the existing site grade. A final site survey performed after completing the backfilling of the trenches with the gravel/tree mulch mixture is shown in Figure 3.4. As water saturates the mulch, the water will become organic-rich and will thus provide an energy source to drive the geochemistry of saturation liquids to reducing conditions necessary for anaerobic dechlorination of chlorinated organic compounds.

### 3.5 Installation of Subsurface Irrigation System

The water distribution system, consisting of 1.5-inch flexible back HDPE pipe, was placed down the center and along the top of the gravel/tree mulch layer within each trench. The HDPE pipe from each trench was connected to a 3-inch diameter polyvinyl chloride (PVC) header. To monitor the flow into each trench, a flow meter (battery-operated Model FT415) was installed on each HDPE line leading from the header to each trench. A 1.7 (0.063-inch orifice) or a 2.5 (0.094-inch orifice) gpm spray nozzle (FullJet™ Type G) was installed every 10 feet along the HDPE pipe. Six 2.5 gpm nozzles were placed into the north end of Trench 6 because of the need to add additional water to improve the capability of creating saturated conditions. The number of spray nozzles and rated flow rate are presented in Table 3.2.

**Table 3.4 Number of Spray Nozzles per Trench**

Trench	Approximate Trench Length	No. of Spray Nozzles	Rated Flow Rate (GPM)
1	360 ft.	34	1.7
2	360 ft.	34	1.7
3	340 ft.	32	1.7
4	200 ft.	16	1.7
5	260 ft.	24	1.7
6	200 ft.	14	1.7
		6	2.5



### **3.6 Installation of Geofabric**

After the spray nozzles were tested the piping network was covered with a geofabric to maintain a separation between the bioreactor and fine particles that may be placed over the bioreactor. The fabric was placed over the gravel/tree mulch mixture such that the fabric extended to the edge of the bioreactor along the exterior walls of Trenches 1 through 5 and the exterior walls of Trench 6. The edge of the fabric was kept loose along the sidewall to allow for some settlement of the gravel/tree mulch material and, therefore, was not anchored along the slope. As the fabric was stretched across the trenches, the installers maintained a minimum 1-foot overlap between geofabric panels. The geofabric was cut to allow for the monitoring sumps.

An approximate 1-foot thick layer of the 0.125 to 0.25-inch gravel was placed over the geofabric. To capture water in the bioreactor during rainfall events, the final elevation of the bioreactor was set to be at least 1 foot lower than the surrounding grade. In addition, berms along the western side of the bioreactor were constructed to retain water and minimize potential for any surface runoff from the trenches during rainfall events.

### **3.7 Installation of Equipment to Operate the Bioreactor**

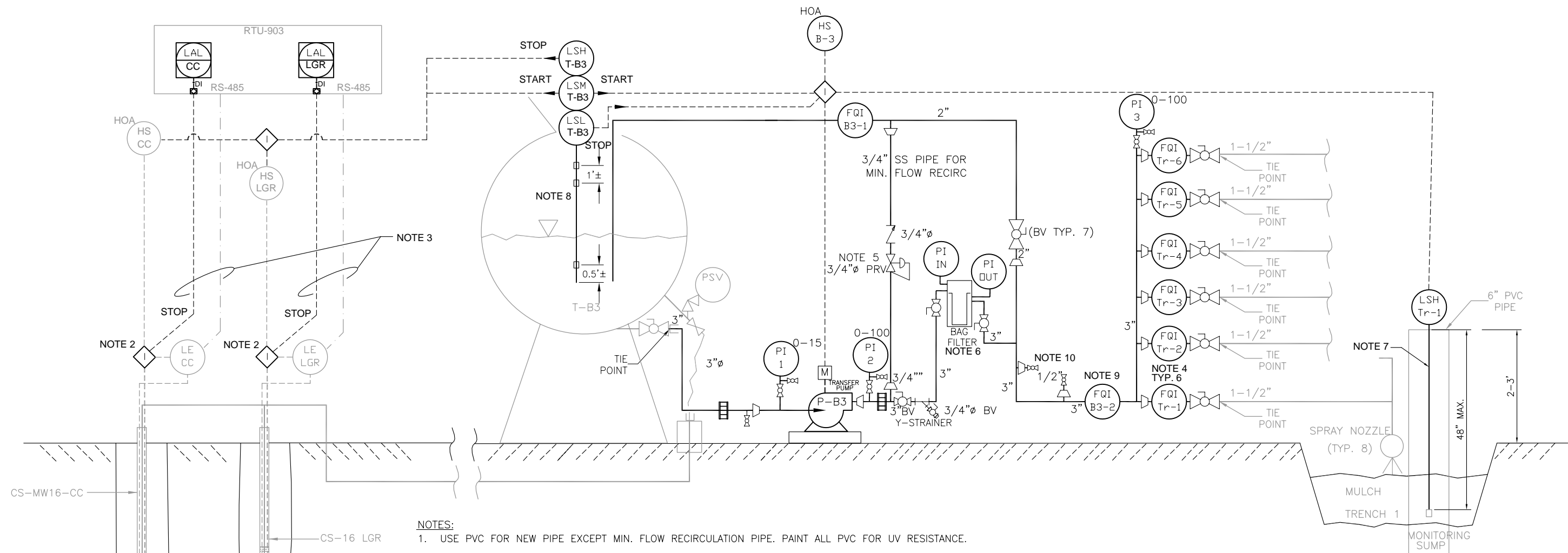
Once the bioreactor was installed, additional equipment was installed to control and maintain a flow of water from the two CS-16 wells. The design drawings depicting the equipment and the controls regulating the flow of water through the system are provided in Appendix C. The bioreactor pumping and control process diagram is provided in Figure 3.5.

#### **3.7.1 STORAGE TANK**

A 5,000-gallon former transport tanker was placed on the north side of the bioreactor, secured, and anchored. The former transport tank serves as a temporary storage vessel for groundwater from the two CS-16 wells and is intended to supply water on demand to the bioreactor. Note that monthly inspections will be conducted to monitor the possible collection of sediment in the storage tank since it is equipped with internal baffles.

#### **3.7.2 TRANSFER PUMP**

An end suction centrifugal pump was installed to pump water from the storage tank to the bioreactor based on the water level detected in the bioreactor. The pump (MODEL XT150SF-5.625-21264-1000-36-3T6 manufactured by Price) is equipped with a Wash Down Duty 10 hp motor, which is characterized as being tropicalized and having a stainless steel shaft and epoxy paint. The pump is bolted to a concrete pad connected to the storage tank with a 3-inch PVC line. A 3-inch line installed from the pump to the bag filter and then from the bag filter to the 3-inch header connects the pump to the distribution system. Since portions of the line between the storage tank and the distribution line are above ground, insulation will be placed around the line to prevent line damage under freezing weather conditions.



**NOTES:**

1. USE PVC FOR NEW PIPE EXCEPT MIN. FLOW RECIRCULATION PIPE. PAINT ALL PVC FOR UV RESISTANCE.
2. ADD 12 VDC INTERPOSING RELAYS TO PUMP CONTROLS FOR LSL STOP COMMAND. INCLUDE 20-MINUTE TIME DELAY IN SCADA SYSTEM (OR BY OTHER MEANS) TO PREVENT WELL PUMP FROM EXCESSIVE CYCLING.
3. INSTALL 16 GA. TSP CABLES IN SAME CONDUIT WITH RS-485 CABLE FOR LAL STOP COMMAND SIGNAL
4. PROVIDE 6 SEAMETRICS (OR EQUAL) MODEL# FT415M/IP81Y-60-1.5" BATTERY-POWERED TOTALIZING FLOW INDICATORS.
5. ADJUSTABLE BACKPRESSURE REGULATOR (40 TO 60 PSIG RANGE) FISHER SERIES 98H OR EQUAL.
6. INSTALL CONTRACTOR SUPPLIED CARBONAIR KRYSTAL KLEER INLINE BAG FILTER, MODEL 88-30 STYLE B.
7. PROVIDE SINGLE POINT FLOAT LEVEL SWITCH MAGNETROL T20-DB2A-AAQ OR EQUAL.
8. PROVIDE MULTIPOINT DISPLACER TYPE FLOAT LEVEL SWITCH MAGNETROL C10 SERIES OR EQUAL AND INSTALL IN APPROPRIATE SIZED STILLING WELL.
9. PROVIDE TWO SEAMETRICS (OR EQUAL) FLOWMETERS, ONE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING MODELS: FT415M/IP81Y-60-3" AND FT415M/IP81Y-60-2" BATTERY-POWERED TOTALIZING FLOW INDICATORS. (866) 542-9641.
10. INSTALL 1/2" ISOLATION VALVES FOR FUTURE AMENDMENT ADDITION.
11. LABEL TANK WITH STENCIL OR PLACARD "CS-16 NON-POTABLE WATER"
12. INSTALL CONTRACTOR SUPPLIED HORIZONTAL END-SUCTION CENTRIFUGAL, CLOSE-COUPLED PUMP P-B3 WITH A CAPACITY OF 120 GPM @ 145 FT.

**LEGEND**

- EXISTING
- NEW
- ▷ REDUCER
- Y Y-STRAINER
- EXPANSION JOINT OR FLEXIBLE COUPLING

**Figure 3.5**  
**Bioreactor Pumping System**  
**Process Diagram**  
**CSSA SWMU B3**  
**PARSONS**

### **3.7.3 BAG FILTER**

The sprayer openings are small, a 0.063-inch orifice for the 1.7 gpm spray nozzle and a 0.094-inch orifice for the 2.5 gpm spray nozzle. Therefore, it is necessary to remove possible sediment from the water to reduce the potential for clogging of the spray heads. As shown in Figure 3.5, bag filter equipment was installed between the transfer pump and the distribution system. The bag filter equipment, manufactured by Carbon Air, consists of a single chamber with a coarse mesh basket and a bag filter fitted inside the mesh basket.

### **3.7.4 EDUCTOR FOR INCORPORATION OF ADDITIVE**

An eductor system located down stream of the bag filter equipment may be used in the future if it is necessary to pump additional additive into the bioreactor. The container of oil or similar bacteria enhancement product can be placed near the eductor and an intake pipe will be placed in the container. The additive will be drawn into the flow system via the eductor as water passes through the piping.

### **3.7.5 CONTROLLERS**

Two sets of controllers were installed to monitor and control the conveyance of water from the two CS-16 wells to the bioreactor. The first set of controllers maintains the flow of water between the storage tank and the two wells, CS-MW16-LGR and CS-MW16-CC. The storage tank is equipped with a high, medium, and low level switches set to communicate with each well, which is equipped with pressure transducers that are set to detect low water level (pump is turned off) and high water level (pump is restarted after well has recovered). The control equipment for these two wells is located in the GAC building and Hand or Manual, Off and Automatic (HOA) switches for each pump are located at the well heads. The second set of controllers maintains the flow of water between the storage tank and the bioreactor. The high, medium, and low level switches in the storage tank are set to also communicate with the transfer pump based on the water level detected in sump 1-1. The control equipment for the transfer pump includes an HOA switch located at the transfer pump.

#### **3.7.5.1 CONTROLLERS TO MAINTAIN PUMPING BETWEEN CS-16 WELLS AND STORAGE TANK**

Submersible pumps in Wells CS-MW16-CC and CS-MW16-LGR pump water at a combined, sustainable flow rate of 30 gpm to a 5,000-gallon storage tank for a distance of approximately 400 feet through a buried 2-inch PVC line. Note that the 30 gpm rate is an estimated average rate that may fluctuate depending on aquifer recharge resulting from rainfall events. Each well is equipped with a pressure transducer that is set to signal deactivation of the pump if the water level gets too low during the drawdown phase and will also signal the pump when the water level is high enough for the pump to restart after the recovery phase of the well. In addition to the controller associated with the water level transducer for each of the CS-16 wells, there is a second controller connected to level switches located in the 5,000-gallon storage tank. The controllers for the well transducers are located within a building adjacent to the two wells. There is an HOA

switch at each pump that should be kept in the automatic mode where both the well transducer and the storage tank level switches control the activation of the pump. The different scenarios controlling the operation of the well pumps are identified in Table 3.3.

**Table 3.5 Scenarios Dictating Activation of the Submersible Pumps at CS-16**

Water Level in Well	Water Level in 5000-gallon Storage Tank	Activation of Both or One CS-16 Well Based on Water Levels in Well and Storage Tank
1. During drawdown phase and above the low level turn-off depth.	Below the high level turn-off.	<b>On</b>
2. During drawdown phase and above the low level turn-off depth.	At the high level turn-off.	Off
3. During recovery phase and above the low level turn-off depth, but also below the high level restart.	Below the high level turn-off.	Off
4. During recovery phase and above the low level turnoff depth.	At the high level turn-off.	Off
5. High level is attained ( <i>i.e.</i> , completion of recovery phase)	Below the high level turn-off.	<b>On</b>
6. High level is attained ( <i>i.e.</i> , completion of recovery phase)	At the high level turn-off.	Off

**3.7.5.2 CONTROLLERS TO MAINTAIN PUMPING WATER FROM STORAGE TANK TO THE BIOREACTOR**

Water will enter the northern end of the tank and the stored water will be pumped from the tank with an end-suction centrifugal transfer pump located between the storage tank and the bioreactor. The operation of the transfer pump will be controlled by the water level indicated by a level switch in BTS 1-1 in Trench 1. This sump is located in the deepest portion of the bioreactor (Trenches 1 through 5) and should provide a representative water level elevation of the saturated conditions across the base of the bioreactor in Trenches 1 through 5. There is an HOA switch at the transfer pump that should be kept in the automatic mode where both the sump water level switch and the storage tank level switches control the activation of the transfer pump. The different scenarios controlling the operation of the transfer pump are identified in Table 3.4.

**Table 3.6 Scenarios Dictating Activation/Deactivation of the Transfer Pump**

Water Level in Bioreactor Sump	Water Level in 5000-Gallon Storage Tank	Response of Transfer Pump Based on Signal from a Sump or a Tank Level Switch
1. Below the high level turn-off switch and water level rising in Trench 1 with transfer pump operating.	Above the low level turn-off.	Continues operating
2. Below the high level turn-off switch and water level rising in Trench 1 with transfer pump operating.	Water level reaches the low level turn-off.	Turns off
3. Below the high level turn-off switch and water level dropping in Trench 1 with transfer pump off.	Water level rising in tank and reaches the medium-level turn-on (switch set just below the high level switch).	Turns on
4. Pump has been off and water level recedes below the sump level switch.	Water level at high-level switch.	Turns on
5. Pump has been on and water rises to the sump level switch.	Water level above low-level turn-off switch.	Turns off

**3.7.6 PRESSURE GAUGES AND FLOW METERS**

To monitor line pressures, pressure gauges will be located at various locations between the storage tank and the main header as shown in the design drawings in Appendix C. In addition, flow meters were installed to monitor the flows of water through the system. The monitoring and reporting of flow volumes discharged into the subsurface is required by TCEQ (see requirement No. 4 in the TCEQ letter provided in Appendix A). Photos of the bioreactor are provided in Table 3.7.

**Table 3.7 Bioreactor Construction Photographs**



Mixed Bioreactor material



Tree mulch and Gravel mixing



Irrigation spray nozzle testing prior to being covered.



SWMU B-3 Bioreactor looking southeast



Bioreactor transfer tanks and pump



Irrigation tank and distribution system

## **SECTION 4 REFERENCES**

Parsons, June 2006 *Draft Well Installation Report for Wells CS-WB05 to CS-WB08 and CS-B3-MW01, Parsons, June 2006.*

Parsons 2007 *Draft Removal Action Report for SWMU B-3, Parsons, February 2007.*



**APPENDIX A**  
**CLASS V AQUIFER REMEDIATION INJECTION**  
**AUTHORIZATION CORRESPONDENCE**



Kathleen Hartnett White, *Chairman*  
Larry R. Soward, *Commissioner*  
Glenn Shankle, *Executive Director*



## TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

*Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution*

July 20, 2006

Mr. Jason Shirley  
Installation Manager  
U.S. Army, Camp Stanley Storage Activity  
25800 Ralph Fair Road  
Boerne, TX 78015

Re: Authorization and Registration of Class V Aquifer Remediation Injection Wells  
TCEQ Authorization No. 5X2600431; WWC 12002216; CN602728206/RN104431655  
Camp Stanley Storage Activity  
25800 Ralph Fair Road  
Boerne, TX 78015

Dear Mr. Shirley:

The Underground Injection Control (UIC) staff has completed review of the inventory/authorization form dated May 30, 2006 from Parsons requesting approval for the injection of groundwater into five infiltration galleries filled with gravel, wood chips and vegetable oil as part of the remediation process at the above site. Our consideration for this proposed project for injection has included coordination with the commission's Remediation Division. Based on our review, approval is hereby given for construction and operation of the injection wells according to the submitted plans and specifications.

In order to maintain authorization by rule for the injection operations, the project must meet all requirements set by the Remediation Division and the UIC rules provided by 30 TAC Chapter 331. Requirements for the injection include:


1. All injection wells are to be constructed to meet the standards provided in 30 TAC §331.132 and completed well logs or construction diagrams submitted to the UIC Permits Team, Industrial and Hazardous Waste Permits Section, at mail code MC-130 upon completion;
2. Operational and status changes shall be reported to and approved by the UIC Permits Team;
3. Closure (plugging) of injection wells, points and/or trenches shall comply with standards provided in 30 TAC §331.133. Closure reports including plugging reports and injection well monitoring data (injection volumes, pressures, and results) shall be submitted to the UIC Permits Team, Industrial and Hazardous Waste Permits Section, at mail code MC-130 within 60 days of completion of injection or plugging activities; and

Mr. Jason Shirley  
Page 2  
July 20, 2006

4. Injection volumes, pressures, and concentrations of contaminants (including pH and total dissolved solids) in the injected groundwater shall be sampled bimonthly at the point of reinjection (prior to fluids being released into the trenches) and submitted to the UIC Permits Team, Industrial and Hazardous Waste Permits Section, at mail code MC-130 on a monthly basis. The concentration of contaminants in the trench bioreactor monitoring sumps and the surrounding monitoring wells shall be sampled monthly and submitted to the UIC Permits Team, Industrial and Hazardous Waste Permits Section, at mail code MC-130 on a quarterly basis. The concentrations of the contaminants shall not exceed those limits listed in 40 CFR §261.24 Toxicity characteristic table 1 that would deem them hazardous by concentration.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact me at (512) 239-6075. If you will be corresponding by mail, please use mail code MC-130.

Sincerely,



Bryan Smith, P.G., Engineering Specialist  
Industrial and Hazardous Waste Permits Section  
Waste Permits Division  
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

BSS/ff

cc: ✓ Mr. Brian Vanderglas, Parsons, Austin



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY, MCAAP  
25800 RALPH FAIR ROAD, BOERNE, TX 78015-4800

November 29, 2006

U-001-07

Mr. Bryan Smith  
TCEQ, IHW Permits Section  
Waste Permits Section  
12100 Park 35 Circle, Bldg F  
Austin, TX 78711-3087

Subject: Authorization and Registration of Class V Aquifer  
Remediation Injection Wells; Modification Request of  
Existing TCEQ Authorization No. 5X2600431; WWC 12002216;  
CN602728206/RN104431655, Camp Stanley Storage Activity,  
Boerne, Texas

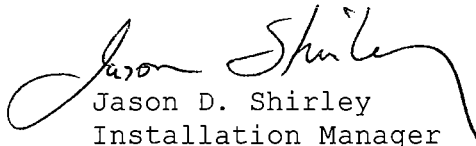
Dear Mr. Smith:

The Camp Stanley Storage Activity (CSSA), McAlester Army Ammunition Plant, U.S. Army Field Support Command, Army Materiel Command, U.S. Army, constructed a bioreactor in an open excavation as described in our application for the subject TCEQ Authorization submitted on May 25, 2006 and approved by your letter dated July 20, 2006. The bioreactor is serving as a remediation pilot project at SWMU B-3, located in the central portion of the CSSA facility. In the Class V Injection application, the figures and text indicated that the bioreactor would be constructed in five excavated trenches present at the site.

Debris and affected soils were removed from the SWMU B-3 trenches prior to the construction of the bioreactor. As the soils were being excavated, a sixth disposal trench was encountered. After affected soils and debris had been removed from all six trenches, a bioreactor (mulch) treatment gallery was constructed in each trench. Since the original request for this authorization was for only five mulch-filled galleries, this modification letter is requesting authorization for injecting groundwater into the six trenches actually constructed at SWMU B-3 instead of five trenches originally described in our application. An updated version of Figure B.2 showing the surveyed locations of the six trenches is attached.

If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact, Glaré Sanchez, Environmental Program Manager, at (210) 698-5208.

Sincerely,

  
Jason D. Shirley  
Installation Manager

Attachment

cc: Ms. Glare Sanchez  
CSSA Environmental Program Manager (ltr w/encl.)

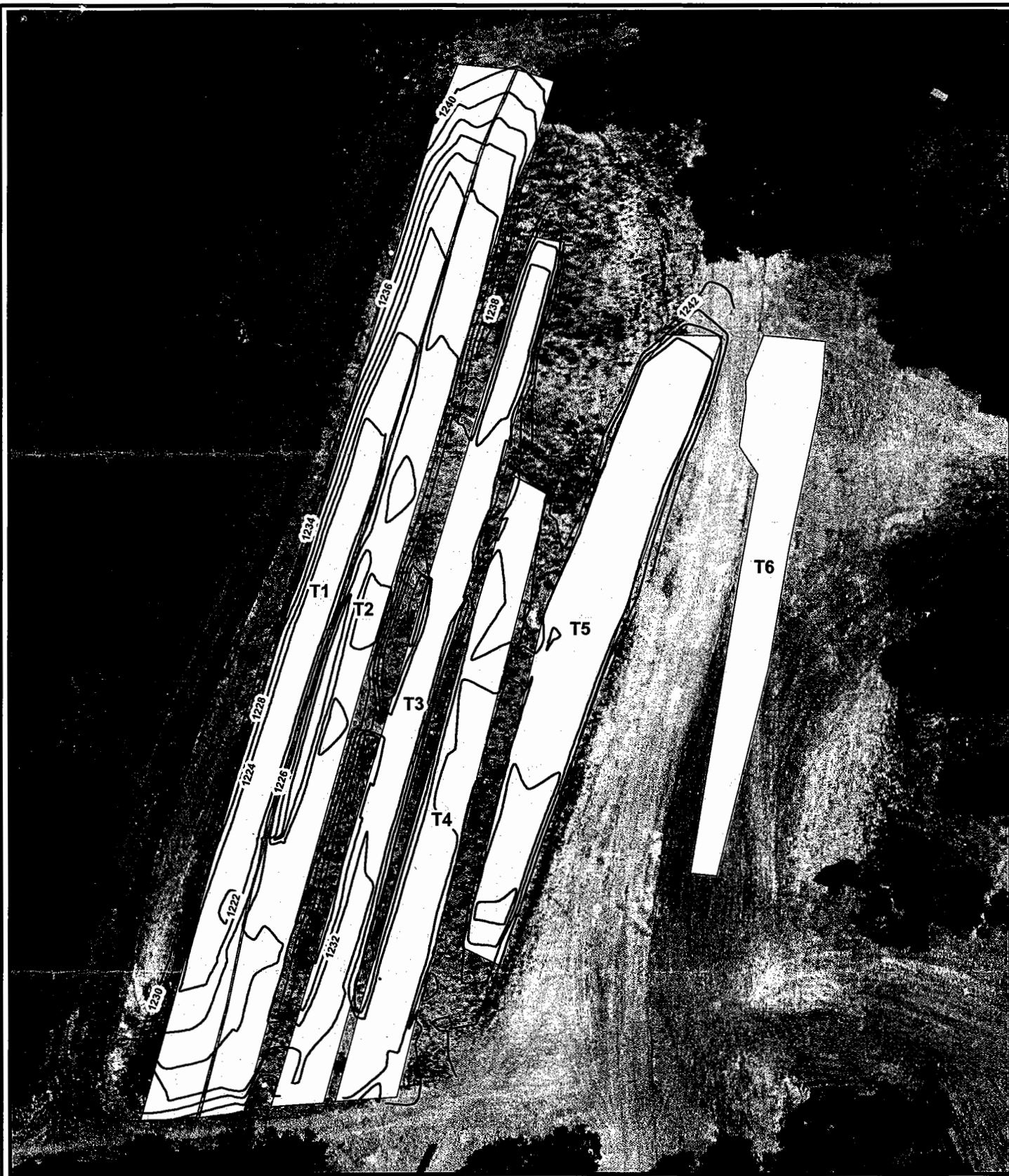
Mr. Greg Lyssy  
EPA Region 6 (ltr w/encl.)

Ms. Abigail Power  
TCEQ Region 13 (ltr w/encl.)

Mr. Brian Siegfried  
AFCEE/Portage (ltr only)

Ms. Julie Burdey  
Parsons (ltr only)

Ms. Kimberly Vaughn  
Parsons (ltr only)



— Contours  
 □ Trenches

50 25 0 50 Feet



Figure B.2

SWMU B-3  
 Trench Locations  
 Camp Stanley Storage Activity

**PARSONS**

**APPENDIX B**  
**DAILY FIELD LOGS, STATUS REPORTS, AND SELECTED PHOTOS**

## CSSA B-3 REMOVAL ACTION

### BI-WEEKLY STATUS REPORT

AUGUST 10, 2006

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The period for this bi-weekly status report is from July 24, 2006 through August 4, 2006 for removal actions and bioreactor construction at SWMU B-3. The status is listed below and includes current conditions as well as anticipated schedule. Photos have also been attached for reference.

Site personnel include:

- USA Environment – Rene Jones, Darrell Billiot, Brian Theis
- Parsons – Samantha Elliot, Ken Rice, Kyle Caskey

**Executive Summary.** Site conditions were sunny, hot and high humidity. All excavations and removal actions have been finalized and all soils have been properly disposed of at WMI's Covel Garden facility. Following is a summary of the final actions taken for the remaining stockpiles before disposal:

- Trench 3- Stockpiles 10 and 11 exceeded RCRA TCLP hazardous levels for benzene, and were successfully treated to Class 2 Non-hazardous criteria.
- Trench 5 - Stockpile 2 exceeded RCRA TCLP hazardous levels for lead and was successfully treated to Class 2 Non-hazardous criteria. Stockpile 9 exceeded Class 1 Non-hazardous criteria for lead and was disposed of as Class 1 NH waste.

Bioreactor construction was continued during this reporting and the Underground Injection Control (UIC) permit for the bioreactor was received from the TCEQ.

***Following is an overall summary of construction of the bio-reactor:***

Delivered gravel and tree mulch were mixed within SWMU B-3 area to create the bioreactor material. Ten 5 foot sections of 6 inch well screen monitoring sumps were located at the low points within trench 1 through 5 and bioreactor material backfilled within the trench.

- Approximately 660 gallons of food grade vegetable oil was sprayed into trenches 1 through 3.
- Approximately 4,200 CY of gravel has been delivered on-site and stockpiled at the former SWMU B-10 area.
- Approximately 3,100 CY of tree mulch has been delivered on-site and stockpile near the gravel stockpile.
- Approximately 4,100 CY of bioreactor material (mixture of gravel and mulch) was placed into trenches 1 through 5.

#### **Anticipated Schedule for Next Week**

- Excavation of trench 6 (clean filled) will be completed to apply bioreactor material.
- Continue bioreactor construction with the mixing and placement of tree mulch and gravel (bioreactor material).

Transportation efforts of the bioreactor material (gravel and tree mulch), will continue through August 11, 2006. The water irrigation system installation within the trenches will be initiated.



Photos of conditions/activities are provided below and include descriptions.



Trench 1 and Trench 2 looking north (Vegoil within the trenches)



Trench 1 and Trench 2 looking north (4 sumps installed)



Vegetable Oil applied to Trench 1



Bioreactor Monitoring Sump (Trench 5)



Trench 6 excavation



Vegetable Oil applied to Trench 1 (220 gallon tote tanks in trench 2)



# CSSA B-3 BIOREACTOR CONSTRUCTION

## BI-WEEKLY STATUS REPORT

AUGUST 22, 2006

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The period for this bi-weekly status report is from August 7, 2006 through August 18, 2006 for the bioreactor construction at SWMU B-3. The status is listed below and includes current conditions as well as anticipated schedule. Photos have also been attached for reference.

Site personnel include:

- USA Environment – Rene Jones, Darren Billiot, Brian Theis
- Parsons – Samantha Elliot, Ken Rice, Kyle Caskey
- **Executive Summary.** Site conditions were sunny, hot with high humidity. All excavations and removal actions have been finalized and all soils have been properly disposed of at WMI's Covell Garden facility. Bioreactor construction was continued during this status period.

*Following is an overall summary of construction of the bioreactor:*

Delivered gravel and tree mulch were mixed within SWMU B-3 area to create the bioreactor material. Five foot sections of 6 inch well screen monitoring sumps were located at the low points within trenches 1 through 6 and bioreactor material backfilled within the trench.

- Approximately 660 gallons of food grade vegetable oil was sprayed into trenches 1 through 3. An additional 220 gallons of food grade vegetable oil was sprayed into trench 6.
- Approximately 5,000 CY of gravel has been delivered on-site and stockpiled at the former SWMU B-10 area.
- Approximately 5,000 CY of tree mulch has been delivered on-site and stockpiled near the gravel stockpile.
- Approximately 9,200 CY of bioreactor material (mixture of gravel and mulch) was placed into trenches 1 through 6.

### **Anticipated Schedule for Next Two Week Period**

- Complete bioreactor material placement within trenches.
- Install site security measures (cable fencing) surrounding SWMU B-3.
- Continue the installation of the planned irrigation system for the bioreactor.

Transportation efforts of the bioreactor material (gravel and tree mulch) are complete.

Photos of conditions/activities are provided below and include descriptions.



Trench 1 and Trench 2 looking south



SWMU B-3 looking northeast



Vegetable Oil applied to Trench 6



Bioreactor Monitoring Sumps (Trench 6)



Trench 6 excavation looking south



Vegetable Oil applied to Trench 6 (220 gallon tote tanks)

# CSSA B-3 BIOREACTOR CONSTRUCTION

## BI-WEEKLY STATUS REPORT

SEPTEMBER 12, 2006

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The period for this bi-weekly status report is from August 21, 2006 through September 1, 2006 for the bioreactor construction at SWMU B-3. The status is listed below and includes current conditions as well as anticipated schedule. Photos have also been attached for reference.

Site personnel include:

- USA Environment – Rene Jones, Darren Billiot, Brian Theis
- Parsons – Ken Rice
- **Executive Summary.** Site conditions were sunny, hot with high humidity. All excavations and removal actions have been finalized and all contaminated soils have been properly disposed of at WMI's Covell Garden facility. Bioreactor construction was continued during this status period.

*Following is an overall summary of construction of the bioreactor:*

Delivered gravel and tree mulch were mixed within SWMU B-3 area to create the bioreactor material. Bioreactor material placement was completed with approximately 10,000 cubic yards of material placed into trenches 1 through 6. Irrigation system installation was continued during this status period.

The planned irrigation system will deliver recovered groundwater from CS-MW16CC and CS-MW16LGR to each trench of the bioreactor. The water is expected to become organic rich from the degrading mulch which will create a reducing (anaerobic) condition in the groundwater bearing zone underneath SWMU B-3. The resulting anaerobic conditions are favorable for attenuating chlorinated solvents through natural processes.

### Anticipated Schedule for Next Two Week Period

- Complete bioreactor irrigation system installation within trenches.
- Install site security measures (cable fencing) surrounding SWMU B-3.
- Testing of the irrigation system for the bioreactor.

Photos of conditions/activities are provided below and include descriptions.



Trench 3 irrigation piping



Spray nozzle (typical)



# CSSA B-3 BIOREACTOR CONSTRUCTION

## BI-WEEKLY STATUS REPORT

SEPTEMBER 27, 2006

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The period for this bi-weekly status report is from September 11, 2006 through September 22, 2006 for the bioreactor construction at SWMU B-3. The status is listed below and includes current conditions as well as anticipated schedule. Photos have also been attached for reference.

Site personnel include:

- USA Environment – Rene Jones, Darren Billiot, Brian Theis
- Parsons – Ken Rice
- **Executive Summary.** Site conditions were partly cloudy, hot with high humidity and scattered showers. All excavations and removal actions have been finalized. Bioreactor construction was continued during this status period.

*Following is an overall summary of construction of the bioreactor:*

Irrigation system installation was continued during this status period and all trenches now have piping and spray nozzles installed for delivery of water. The planned irrigation system is expected to deliver groundwater from CS-MW16CC and CS-MW16LGR to each trench of the bioreactor in accordance with CSSA's Class V Aquifer Remediation Injection Wells (TCEQ Authorization No. 5X2600431). The groundwater will be transferred to a 5,000 gallon tank on SWMU B-3 which will be pumped to the trench(s) as necessary to facilitate the treatment of the contaminated groundwater through natural attenuation.

The design of the irrigation system is complete and a schematic is attached for reference. The operations and control of the irrigation system will allow continuous operations of the irrigation system while protecting equipment (pumps) and ensuring that injected groundwater remains in the bioreactor. The irrigation system is expected to be capable of delivering approximately 120 gallons per minute of groundwater to the bioreactor. The only remaining task to complete with the irrigation system is the installation of the groundwater delivery pump, the associated controls, and commissioning of the system.

### Anticipated Schedule for Next Period

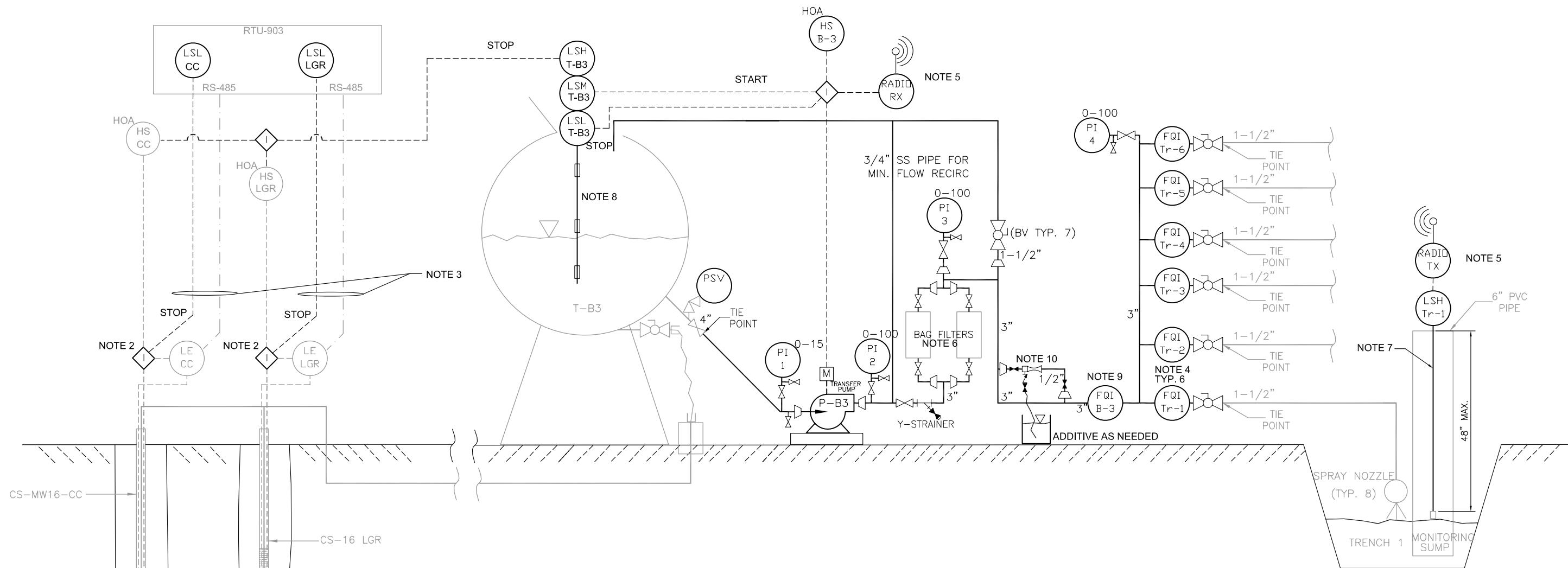
- Complete bioreactor irrigation system and associated controls for delivery of groundwater to the bioreactor trenches and site security measures.



SWMU B-3 Irrigation Tank



SWMU B-3 site security



**NOTES:**

1. USE PVC FOR NEW PIPE AND PAINT FOR UV RESISTANCE
2. ADD 12 VDC INTERPOSING RELAYS TO PUMP CONTROLS FOR LSL STOP COMMAND.
3. INSTALL 16 GA. TSP CABLES IN SAME CONDUIT WITH RS-485 CABLE FOR LSL STOP COMMAND SIGNAL
4. PROVIDE 6 SEAMETRICS (OR EQUAL) MODEL# FT415M/IP81Y-60-1.5" TOTALIZING FLOW INDICATORS.
5. PROVIDE PHOENIX CONTACT MOD# MCR-RAD TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER IN APPROPRIATE ENCLOSURES.
6. RELOCATE EXISTING BAG FILTERS.
7. PROVIDE SINGLE POINT FLOAT LEVEL SWITCH MAGNETROL T20-DB2A-AAQ OR EQUAL.
8. PROVIDE MULTIPOINT DISPLACER TYPE FLOAT LEVEL SWITCH MAGNETROL C10 SERIES OR EQUAL.
9. PROVIDE 1 SEAMETRICS (OR EQUAL) MODEL# FT415M/IP81Y-60-3" TOTALIZING FLOW INDICATOR.
10. RELOCATE EXISTING EDUCTOR FOR AMENDMENT ADDITION AS NEEDED.
11. LABEL TANK WITH STENCIL OR PLACARD "CS-16 NON-POTABLE WATER"
12. PROVIDE PUMP P-B3 WITH A CAPACITY OF 120 GPM @ 200 FT. IN A HORIZONTAL END-SUCTION CENTRIFUGAL, CLOSE-COUPLED CONFIGURATION WITH A SOLID 316SS SHAFT (NO SLEEVES), A SINGLE CARTRIDGE STYLE MECHANICAL SEAL WITH SILICON CARBIDE-TUNGSTEN CARBIDE FACES AND VITON O-RINGS (CHESTERTON 155 OR EQUAL) AND EQUIPPED WITH AN ALL 316SS SPIRALTRAC THROAT BUSHING VERSION N, INSTALLATION TYPE A. PRE-PIPE SEAL FOR FLUSH PLAN 12. SUPPLY A 460 V, 60 HZ, 3-PHASE NON-OVERLOADING CONTINUOUS DUTY, TEFC TYPE MOTOR WITH A 1.15 SF AND CLASS F INSULATION. PERMANENTLY LUBRICATED BEARINGS WITH L-10 LIFE=100,000 HOURS

— EXISTING  
 — NEW

# PRELIMINARY DRAFT

A	ISSUED FOR CSSA REVIEW AND APPROVAL	HCD	9/2006
REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY:	DATE:
R E V I S I O N S			
SCALES SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE APPLICABLE ONLY TO B SIZE DRAWING			
CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY FACILITY UPGRADES			
Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006			
CONTRACTOR :			
<b>PARSONS</b> Job No. 744223 WBS 10000			
Drawing Title :			
CSSA SWMU B3 BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM PROCESS DIAGRAM			
Designed :	RH	Drawn :	HCD
Checked :	KL	Approved :	KRR
Scale :	NONE	Date :	SEPTEMBER 2006
Drawing No. :		P-SWMU B3	
		Rev:	A

# CSSA B-3 BIOREACTOR CONSTRUCTION

## STATUS REPORT

NOVEMBER 28, 2006

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The period for this status report is from September 25, 2006 through November 24, 2006 for the bioreactor construction at SWMU B-3. The status is listed below and includes current conditions as well as anticipated schedule. Photos have also been attached for reference.

Site personnel include:

- USA Environment – Rene Jones, Darren Billiot, Brian Theis
- Parsons – Ken Rice
- **Executive Summary.** Site conditions were mostly partly cloudy, hot and some rain. All excavations and removal actions have been finalized. Bioreactor construction was continued during this status period.

*Following is an overall summary of construction of the bioreactor:*

Irrigation system installation was completed during this status period with the initial testing of the water delivery system. The planned irrigation system is expected to deliver groundwater from CS-MW16CC and CS-MW16LGR to each trench of the bioreactor in accordance with CSSA's Class V Aquifer Remediation Injection Wells (TCEQ Authorization No. 5X2600431). The anticipated delivery rate is initially anticipated at 35 gallons per minute (gpm) but will have a design capacity of 120 gpm.

We tested the irrigation system using potable water [from a tanker-trailer] and a rental pump, and found it meets the design criteria for delivery of water to each trench. The ground cover for the trench irrigation system was installed using pea gravel to promote infiltration of rain water. Per Mr. Bryan Smith of TCEQ, the use of pea gravel was deemed acceptable as cover for meeting Class V injection permit for the site irrigation system. An operations and maintenance plan is being prepared that complies with TCEQ UIC monitoring requirements and also specifies performance monitoring requirements. Additionally, an amendment to the UIC authorization will be requested since the bioreactor was constructed in a total of six trenches instead of the five trenches identified in the original UIC authorization application. The remaining task to complete with the irrigation system is the installation of the groundwater delivery pump, and the associated controls.

Site security measures consisting of 3/8 inch steel wound cable surrounding the entire site supported by 6 foot by 3 inch diameter steel pipe, 2 feet of the pipe are below grade surface, was completed. Additionally, an approximately 2 foot berm was placed on the west side of B-3 to prevent water from exiting the site through surface drainage.

### **Anticipated Schedule for Next Period**

- Complete bioreactor pump installation for irrigation system and associated controls for delivery of groundwater to the bioreactor trenches.
- Add layer of mulch on surface of bioreactor.



Photos of conditions/activities are provided below and include descriptions.



Trench 1 and Trench 2 looking south (irrigation lines within the trenches)



Trench 1 and Trench 2 looking south (geofabric and gravel layer)



Geofabric layer in Trench 5



SWMU B-3 site looking southwest



Spray Nozzle (typical)



Water tank with rented pump





Test flow meter



Test pressure gauge (pressure reading prior to nozzles)



Test pressure gauge (pressure reading after nozzles)



Irrigation system distribution header



Trench 1 & 2 looking north (berm construction on west side)



Site security (cable fencing)

7/24/06 Monday hot, sunny.

0700 arrive on-site. Health + Safety  
insects, heat, hydration.

0800 Completed loading of Trench 5  
with bioreactor material.

0900 USA working on metal recycling  
and demo of 90-1.

1200 Continue w/ preparation for  
TCEQ visit

1700 left site

JK

7/25/06 Tuesday hot + Sunny

0700 Arrive on-site health and safety  
heavy equipment, heat stress,

USA - Rene Jones, Red

Person - Ken Rice, Brian Vanderghas

Today's objective back fill Trench 4  
with bioreactor material.

0800 Set sump into trench 4.

0900 Brian Vanderghas on-site discussed  
placement on sumps. Decided to  
just place one sump into trench  
4 and will place 3 sumps  
into trench 1.

1000 Trench 4 Bioreactor material placement  
will stop short on Southend. Plan  
to place more material into trench 1  
and 2.

1015 Abbi and Mara from TCEQ Arrive on-site  
for visit

7/25/06 Cont.

1130 Abbi & Mara left site

1230 Marked w/ spray paint positions  
for monitoring pump.

1430 Coordinated w/ base on use of  
IT24 w/ forks, Eddie has  
it in use at boat pasture. Unavailable  
till Friday.

1500 Joe O. indicated that we may  
be able to use backhoe w/ forks.  
Will have that available in morning.

1530 USA left site

MA



7/26/06 Wed. Sunny, hot, humid.

0700 Arrive onsite Health & Safety brief.  
Heavy Equipment, Heat stress and  
truck traffic.

Today's objective - transport  
contaminated soils out and gravel  
in with bioreactor backfill on  
trench 3.

0730 Spoke w/ Mr. Cedar regarding  
use of machine w/ forks. Mr. Cedar  
indicated that there are no machine  
available. Work will be accomplish  
with rental equipment. Veg oil  
will be applied tomorrow using rental  
equipment w/ forks attached to  
front-end loader.

0830 Sent draft bi-weekly status to  
reviewers

1030 Final bi-weekly status for W/E 7/10-7/21  
was sent to TCEQ, + EPA

07/26/06 Wash Lent

11:30 Lunch

12:00 back to loading trucks and spreading  
bioreactor material.

To Do:

Mr. Angel's Phone #

Hot Work permit for Blk 90-1 demo

lengths of HDPE

Material fabric order

14:00 left site

MC

7/27/06 Thu.

0700 Arrived on-site, H+S - Insects,  
slip, trips & falls, truck traffic.

Today's objective: Move  
waste soil and apply vegetable oil  
to trench 1-3.

0800 Spoke to Letty (WMI) regarding  
additional ~~proposed~~<sup>the</sup> manifests  
for CG-44005 (clean), CG-44440 (8/19/01)  
and CG-44202 (clean). Left site  
to obtain manifest from WMI.

0100 Spoke w/ Sheif Wise regarding  
truck traffic.

- Expect to run trucks (waste),  
~~for~~ tomorrow with  
mulch trucks.
- Expect to transport Metch  
for three weeks.

7/27/06 Thursday

1100 Kyle is transporting one veg oil container to trench 2.

1130 Lunch

1200 Kyle to transport remaining 2 veg oil containers to trench 2 + 3

1300 Rigid up sprayer and initiated veg oil application to trench 1 (Eric)

1500 Applied veg-oil to trench 2

1600 Applied Veg-oil to trench 3

1700 Cleaned equipment and left site.

USA

Bene, Reed

Parsons

Ken, Kyle, Eric T.

(2) Loader

Excavator

Water truck

Skid Steer

Sign (off-rent as of today)

7/28/06 Friday Hot, Humid

0700 Arrive on-site - H+S - Truck traffic  
safety awareness

USA Parsons  
Rene, Ted, Brian Ken, Kyle

Today's objective; haul rest  
of soil/waste to Corel Crumens,  
receive mulch, mix

0800 Spoke w/ Chief wise regarding truck  
traffic. Should be complete with  
truck waste hauling shortly after lunch

0900 Spoke with USA regarding ordering  
filter fabric and HDPE water line

1000 Met Casey Will (USA) to go over remainder  
of project requirements.

1130 Lunch

1230 Returned and sent e-mail regarding traffic  
expected with mulch (7/31 - 8/11)



7/26/06 Conts

1300 Kes left SPC

7-29-06 BLDG 90-1 KRC

0630 USA CREW ARRIVES.

\* TODAY'S OBJECTIVE:  
DEMOLITION OF BLDG  
90-1.

\* SITE PERSONNEL  
KYLE CASKEY - PARSONS  
RENE JONES  
BRIAN THEIS USA  
Red

\* SITE EQUIPMENT  
FRONT END LOADER  
SKID LOADER  
CUTTING TORCH  
BACK-HOE + FIRE TRUCK

\* H+S BRIEFING  
1. CUTTING TORCH SAFETY  
2. WEAR PROPER PPE  
3. HEAVY EQUIPMENT SAFETY

0645 START DEMO

1400 Demo Complete, left site  
- 2 boxes of debris left from demo. to be picked  
up Tuesday

7/31/06 B-3 Bioreactor Installation

0730 - Arrive at CSSA

- personnel: Sam Elliott (Parsons)

(0630) Rene Jones, Red Bilio (USA)

- Health + Safety Tailgate: Heat Stress, Heavy Equip.

- weather: 70-98°, partly cloudy

- today's objective: mix mulch + gravel, Rene to pick up PVC for well screens

- water truck to be cleaned up and picked up - off rental today

- Equipment: Loader (2)

excavator (track hoe)

water truck (out today) off rent Friday

skid steer - off rent, pick up Wed or Thurs.

~~track hoe (2)~~

- 3 mulch trucks today only, Rene called to complain to mulch company

1500 - USA leaves site

L. G. Smith  
 7/31/06

8/1/06 B-3 Bioreactor Installation

0630 - personnel: S. Elliott (Parsons)

Rene Jones & Red, ~~+~~ Brian<sup>(USA)</sup> (USA)

- Health & Safety Tailgate: pinch points
- weather: 70-95°, hot & sunny
- today's objective: mix mulch, haul in mulch, install sumps in T1 & T2

- spoke to Rene about trench & excavation for tomorrow, gonna try to get pics or GPS point to pin point the spot

1530 - USA leaves to pick up supplies for bullet trap cleaning tomorrow morning (8 hours)

- equipment same

1 operator

1 super

1 Trackhoe

1 Skid Steer

1 Loader

other loader on mulch

5 spots  
4/1/06

8/2/06 Bioreactor installation

- ~~0630~~ - personnel: S. Elliott (Parsons)  
 (W) 0700 Rene Jones, Red, + Brian (USA)
- weather: hot + sunny, 70-100°
  - Health + Safety Tailgate: heat stress, bugs, heavy equipment ops.
  - today's objective: continue mixing mulch, clean toilet traps in East Pasture, set sumps
- 1130 - dug slit trench to determine where trench is, see photos
- filled trench back in; too close to the road; safety hazard for trucks delivering mulch
  - took track hoe off rent for now, it will remain at the site for a week
- 1400 - ~~the~~ mulch continues to be delivered and mixed  
 Rene off-post to pick up more couplings for sump installation
- 0430 - USA leaves site 2 hours range, 8 hours 8-3

Equipment

- 1 Supervisor (8)
- 1 operator ~~9~~
- 1 tech ~~9~~
- 1 Skid Steer
- 1 loader
- other loader on mulch
- 1 Trackhoe

8/2/06

S. Elliott



8/3/06 Bioreactor Installation

- personnel: S. Elliott (Parsons)

0630

Rene, Red + Brian (USA)

- weather: hot + sunny 75-100°

- Health + Safety Tailgate: precaution when heavy trucks are unloading

- today's objective: continue receiving mulch, mixing, and installing sumps

- equipment: loaders (2)

1300

- just got ahold of Gardenville, no mulch trucks today, promised 5 trucks tomorrow

- all 4 sumps have now been installed in Trenches 1 + 2

- 2 sumps remain ~~remain~~ still to be installed in Trench 3

1630 - USA leaves site

1 super (10 hours)

1 operator "

1 tech "

1 skid steer

1 loader

other loader on mulch

~~S. Elliott  
8/3/06~~

8-9-06 B-3 KRC

0730 USA Arrives

\* TODAY'S OBJECTIVES

1. MIX MULCH

2. PLACE MULCH

\* ~~3 TRUCKS~~

\* CREW

Kyle Calkins

Rene Jones

Red

\* H&S Tailgate Meeting -  
CAUTION while DRIVING  
Loaders over UNLEVEL  
TERRAIN

\* SITE EQUIPMENT

2 LOADERS, + skid steer

0745 START WORK KRC

WILL be on SCADA

most of the DAY.

1300 ONLY got 3 trucks

of MULCH in today.

Rene shut down the

Job due to LACK of Truck

8/9/06  
KRC

8/7/06 Bioreactor Installation

630 - personnel: USA - Rene, Brian, Red  
Parsons - S. Elliott

- weather: rained last night, 75-90° 60% chance of rain  
this afternoon

- Health & Safety meeting: slips, trips, & falls; operating heavy  
equipment when its slippery

- Today's Objective: place mulch in trenches, haul in  
mulch & mix

- Equipment: 2 loaders (one on mulch)  
skid steer  
1 super  
1 operator  
1 tech

- received 4 mulch trucks today

1600 - USA leaves site

~~S. Elliott  
8/7/06~~

8/8/06 Bioreactor Installation

0630 - personnel: S. Elliott (Parsons)

Rene, Red, + Brian (USA)

- weather: 75-95°, humid hot, did not rain last  
nite as forecasted

- Health + Safety: lift twice, use leggs

- Today's objective: receive mulch trucks, mix  
mulch + gravel, fill trenches

- Equipment: 2 loaders (1 on mulch)

1 skid steer

1 supervisor

1 operator

1 tech

1130 - spoke to Roy Thomas the City Administrator of  
Fair Oaks about mulch they have to get rid  
of, its about a year old, gonna run it  
by Ken + John Hall to see if it would work  
approx. 300<sup>3</sup> yds per K. Caskey

- Rene went by to look, he says ~ 700 cu. yds.

- R. Thomas - 628-0900

- decided its too late in the project to set up moving  
mulch from Fair Oaks

- 9 truck loads of mulch today, 2 loads were 90<sup>3</sup> yds

1630 - USA leaves

S. Elliott  
8/8/06

8/9/06 Bioreactor Installation

- personnel: S. Elliott (Parsons)

0630

Rene, Red, + Brian (USA)

- weather: humid + hot 75-99°

- Health + Safety Meeting: electrical hazards

- Today's Objective: receive mulch trucks, mix mulch + gravel, fill trenches

- Equipments/ops: 2 loaders (1 on mulch)

1 skid steer

1 supervisor

1 operator

1 tech

- Vandergrus out to see site

- went by to look at Fair Oaks mulch again, the turn to get the trucks in the gate is way too tight, not feasible with the trucks drivers we use

1600 - USA leaves site

~~S. Elliott  
8/9/06~~



8/10/06 Biosreactor Installation

- personnel: S. Elliott (Parsons)

0700

Rene + Red (USA)

- weather: 85-99° humid &amp; hot

- Health &amp; Safety Meeting: heat stress

- Today's Objective: mix last of mulch, install last  
of sumps

- Equipment / ops: 2 loaders (1 on mulch)

1 skid steer

1 Supervisor

1 operator

- continue mixing last of mulch, may start  
trench 6 after lunch or tomorrow morning

- lunch

1415 - Red went home, he had a really bad headache

- Rene stayed and mixed mulch for a while

1530 - Rene leaves site

~~S. Elliott~~

8/11/06 Bioreactor Installation

- personnel: S. Elliott

0700

Rene, Red, + Brian (USA)

- weather: 75-100°, humid + hot

- Health + Safety Tailgate: heavy equipment operations

- today's objective: dig Trench 6

- Equipment/ops: 2 loaders (1 on mulch)

1 skid steer

1 supervisor

1 operator

1 tech

\* Rene spent 1 hour changing filters on another TO \*

Trackhoe free today per Rene

- dug about 50 ft. of trench, looks like it is turning east instead of west as indicated in photos, will stop for today so Ken can look at it Monday b4 we proceed.

- burcaded roads to site, parked equipment around hole at T6, notified security that large hole will be left open over weekend

1415 - USA leaves site

S. Elliott

8/14/06 Bioreactor Installation Sunny, Hot, Humid

Personnel: Rene, Red, Brian USA  
Ken, Parsons

Site Objective Continue w/ Bioreactor  
mixing and installation. Apply Veg oil  
to trench 6 and continue excavation of trench 1.

Equipment: Loader(2) (1 on mixing)  
Excavator

0630 Arrive on-site: Health and Safety  
heavy equipment, hearing protection, Heat stress

0906 Apply Veg-oil to trench 6

1306 Geofabric arrives and received by USA  
takeover to B-3, Discussion w/ fire Dept  
Community regarding mulch.

1500 Ready AOL-70 (Bldg 66) for pressure  
washing.

1630 left site

ML

8/15/06 Bioreactor Installation + AOC 70 efforts

0700 Arrive on-site Sunny, hot, humid,  
Same personnel + equipment as 8/14/06.

Object: Continue w/ Bioreactor mixing and placement  
and pressure wash Bldg 66 (AOC-70)

0800 Set up and initiate AOC-70 cleaning

1000 Sample AOC-70 Rinseate galater for  
Herb./ Pesticides and total lead.

1100 Sampled collected wash water for  
TCLP Herb/pesticides and lead.

Sampled Bldg 90 paint chips from flooring  
(Tom T. @ 1100 8/14)

1500 Sampled B-34 for TCLP lead. Sampled  
AOC 70 - WCI (waste characterization).

1530 Sampled Creosote management area (near AOC 54)  
for total SVOCs.

1600 left site

ML

8/16/02 Wed. Hot, Dry 100°F

0830 Arrive onsite, Crew not at  
0-3 site, Casey / Neal / Rene a)  
East pasture. Brian on-site later today

Objective: backfill trench G-W / Biodivector  
material

	<u>USA</u>	<u>Parsons</u>
	Rene	Ken
Loaders (2)	Red	
	Brian	

0845 SSA meeting (G, S, T, B, C, Ky, Sam, J)

Chris B. - East pasture activities

Brenda - Removing 2 AST (Bld. 200 + Bldg 45)

210-296-5292 Casey, Wills - Review work by Clean Harbor

Sam on GW reports + changing GAC filters

SCADA - All towers + housing units in.  
Meters are next and will need lots of  
coordination.



4/16/06 Wed. (Cont.)

Julief Brian W. needs to look into  
purchasing chlorination skids.

Look into letter to TCEQ regarding creosote  
mgt. area. - Julia.

No further Action

1000 Looking into Fair Cates mulch  
for possible delivery to B-3 bioreactor

1200 lunch

1400 left site

JK

8/23/06 Uniform Waste Manifesting training

No work @ B-3 8/17-8/22, crew @ east pasture

Arrive on-site 0745

plan for B-3 is to move bio-reactor material into trenches, (2) loaders Rene, Red, Brian

0900 Uniform Haz. Waste Manifest training @ Residence Inn downtown SA.

Objective (For WMI Website)

1. Regulatory Compliance Topics

within WMDisposal.com topics

are provided addressing regulatory compliance.

e.g. D003 waste code, what, how, etc.

2. Ready Access to FAQ

e.g. Where are WMI facilities located

? pricing included

3. Streamline Profile forms

? does the suggested analysis have to be completed as suggested.

4. Expedited Profiles

done in electronic form (html for entry)

pdf in view. Additionally will have

electronic signature available and ability to attach Lab data.

3  
5/23/06 Cont.

4. Cont. e-Signature efforts are in place on the WMDisposal.com web site and has the ability to transfer to other users in the event that of a personnel change.

? Multilevel sort profile # / State / Approval

Dr. Charles Lowery on Uniform Haz Waste manifest.

Goals.

How will:

manifest affect you = designated by EPA & DOT

- designated for Haz. + NH 1, Twenty items to be completed. The new manifest is a simpler document to complete

- Standardize content in appearance + content define tracking procedures for rejected waste and container residues.

- Enable electronically - Not happened

8/23 Cont. training

Final Rule - March 4, 2005 + effective 9/6/2006

Revisions - EPA + DOT bulk containers 110gal - 719gal  
Whole numbers on volumes.

Generator # EPA - Hqs. -  
State Gen. - NH

if together EPA goes in #1 State in #14

#2: add continuation sheet, never leave blank

#3. Emerg. Response - add for entire load if  
not. place NA + record in line 9b

#4. Manifest # - EPA registered + approved  
to generate #. 9 numerical + 3 character  
(only from authorized printers),

#5 Generator detail phone # must be available  
24 hrs./day to get to persons responsible

#6 Transporters. - EPA id # - by State id # (NJ)  
mixed State id in #14

#8 Designated Facility

#9. DOT trained personnel only to complete.

#9a HM - as defined by DOT place an 'X'

#9b Shipping Name - proper shipping name as defined by 49CFR 172. name, haz. class, ID#, and packing group.

Reportable Quantity (RQ) exceedance can be placed on #9a.

#10 If you have waste in two or more types of containers then use additional lines to specify containers.

#11 Total Quantity - 1. Must be whole number.  
~~with unit~~ 2. Cannot use container size.

#12 Units. - Table II

Do not use higher #'s for lower weights  
i.e., 1 Ton use 2000 lbs.

Also, Gallons or Liters for liquids only  
Estimates are ok just use whole #'s

No discrepancy if less 10% over, or  
# of drums accurate; No need to  
be accurate on weight %.



Pool  
↓  
Pool  
F, K, U, P

8/23

#15 Six boxes

State of Texas waste codes on first two boxes (i.e. 4 digits/box). That leave 2 for EPA. Generator must pick most representative of the waste. That is, Max. of 6 waste codes. Block 14 is designated for id of proper shipment.

Must communicate w/ disposal facility if more waste codes than allowed on manifest.

#96. If emerg. No price 2

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4001	3094	D001	D008	D035	D040

~  
 4001 Solvent

D035 PCE

D040 Ice  D008 lead

D001 - Res

4001 3094 H

#14. RACM land has to have transport address

2/23

#14 rejected loads where disposal facility places old manifest #s

#15. Generator's Certification <sup>plan</sup>  
 606 - Certify Waste Minimization and selected best disposal methods.

506 - Certify's

Exception Reports - 35 days Not in hand  
 Call disposal facility  
 45 d or 60 days - send report to EPA.

Transporter Report

1. Review 1-15 for completeness

"No discrepancies" Pin in the butt.

#16 Discrepancy - all necessary discrepancies are id. rejected loads are require to put 1  
 (see 40 CFR 264.72)

#19 All manifest are signed and disposal codes applied by disposal facility

3/23 Cont

Discrepancies,

Drams, gallons.

Batch only Count, Bulk 10% of total weight.

Load Rejection

1. Residue - greater than RCRA empty.  
New manifest created by disposal facility.

2. Partial load rejection - new manifest.

3. Full reject. - if transporter on-site  
can use original manifest. if not  
- new manifest.

At sub site 7 facilities rej. must occur before load is received.

1330 Arrive back on-post met w/ Gilmore regarding B-3 work.

1500 left site.

8/24 Bioreactor Installation / Misc. Efforts

0700 Arrive on-site: Rene, Red, Brian

Bioreactor fitting efforts completed late  
8/23. Rene

Objective: Manure / Load Bldg 47  
into Roll-offs for disposal. (16-29508 (-9))

Health and Safety: Current stockpiled  
material from Bldg 47 (accomplish by CSSA)  
is under electrical lines. Electrical  
Hazards, Heat stress, Heavy equipment.

0800 CSSA personnel on-site @ Bldg 47 to  
finish Demo work. Manifest for 2 boxes  
provided to USA.

	(USA)	(CSSA)
Equipment:	Loader	(2) Backhoe - Brecker
Personnel:	Rene, Red, Brian.	

900 Rene (USA) Working on sizing material for  
shipment to WMI. Brecker ram developed  
leak at seal. Schedule for repair.

8/24 Cont. Misc.

1000 First truck arrives to pick up  
Demo material from Bldg. 47. Dropped  
additional fall-off.

1200 Second load picked up for transport to  
WMI, USA in East Pasture.

Received results from AOC to Rinstate 1  
sample. Analytical results indicate that the  
Residual PDE, DDT and Herbicides remain.

Scheduled for re-cleaning on Tuesday 8/29.

1400 left site

No-work on B-3 scheduled  
for 8/25 or 8/28 (Mon.)  
(Fri)

HP



8/29 Bioreactor Installation Clear, hot.

0700 Arrive on-site

<u>Ust</u>	<u>Parsons</u>
Gene, Red, Brian	Ken

Health and Safety: Heat exhaustion,  
fluid intake.

Equipment: Loader

0730 Ust initiated irrigation pipe installation.  
Ken to work Bldg 66 (Acc 70) and  
collect Rinse Sample.

1130 Lunch - Burgers

1200 Continue with irrigation system installation

1600 Ust left site.

~~Ken~~

8/31/06 Bio-reactor Installation

0730 Arrive onsite

USA Parsons  
 Rem, Red, Brian Ken

Eg: (A) Reader

Health and safety: Small tool (<sup>hand</sup> ~~hand in~~)  
 Safety moment.

0800 Scheduled spray nozzle installation  
 on 10' centers within each trench. Rene  
 to build pad for line from tank

0900 Worked on PR for additional funding  
 for USA and Cost tracking spreadsheets

1130 met w/ Casey + Renee  
 lunch

1300 left site

✓

9/5/06 Bio-reactor Installation

0900 Arrive on-site ~~weather~~ rain

<u>USA</u>	<u>Persons</u>	<u>Equipment</u>
Rene, Red	Ken	Mini Excavator (broken)

0930 due to steady rain work was called off for today.

1000 returned to office to prepare paperwork on project related requirements.

1130 lunch

1230 Continued w/ B-3 documentation and material receiving paperwork.

1400 left site

JK

09/86 Bioreactor installation clear, 70°F

0730 Arrive onsite

USA

Rene, Red, Brian

Parsons

Ken

Health and Safety moment for insect avoidance and back safety.

0800 Rene left post to receive additional parts for irrigation system.

1200 USA w East Portage

09/07 Bioreactor Installation clear, cool, Dry

0730 Arrive on site

USA

Rene, Reed

Parsons

Ken

Equipment: mini excavator

Plan to work on irrigation system  
installation.

1200 Kirk Lawson site visit

1430 left site USA to leave 1500.

FR



09/01/06 Bio-reactor Construction Rain, Cool

0700 USA Changing Filters at Bldg 90.  
(Rene, Red, Brian)

0900 USA at B3 installing flow emitters

1200 Work stopped due to rain

1400 Met with Roy Thomas (Fair Oaks Mgr) regarding potential mulch delivery to CESSA. Mr. Thomas indicated that he has an operator and a backhoe available to help. However he has no transport available, but he is OK with any schedule with a couple of days notice. Mr. Thomas also indicated that in a couple of weeks there should be an additional 200 CY of fresh mulch added to the pile and its price if we want it. I told Mr. Thomas that I would get back to him regarding schedule,

1630 left site

MM

9/12/06 Bio-reactor Construction overcast, hot

0700 Health and Safety: heat stress and fluid intake.

Objective: Continue to install emitters in remaining trenches 4, 5 and 6.

Mini excavator  $\frac{1}{2}$  day (afternoon)

0800 loader still off rent for a couple more days.

1000 emitters installed in all trenches working w/ min excavator to dig holes for emitters to be placed into

1400 Water levels.

T6 - MS (South) 1 inch

T5 - MS (South) 2 inches

T4 - MS 1 inch

T3 - MS (South) 1 inch

T2 - MS (North) 1 inch

T1 - MS (North) 1 inch

1630 left site

9/13/06 Bio-reactor Installation Clear, Sunny, hot

0730 Arrive on-site

Gene, Red, Brian Ken

Health and Safety: hand tools, power tool safety

Mini excavator

Objective: Complete water line installation

0930 Mini arrive on-site - previous one now located in East pasture,

1000 Gene left site for training efforts.

Brian and Red still available. Chris GPS Sumps and trench ls.

1306 Crew completing trench work for delivery pipes to trenches.

1400 Left Site

M

9/27/06 - Bioscience Installation Crew; Warm

0830 Arrive site - Crew starts B-3 working  
on site security measures.

Crew: Rene, Ted, Brian  
Parsons - Ken

Objective: - Continue install cable fencing.

Equipment / loader

Tractor

0900 Remove site for job supplies  
Red + Brian to load rolloff  
for disposal on TO 209

1100 Back on B-3

1330 Called Camp Bottino to get up review  
for Hot Work permit 210-295-7600

Teresa B. 210-336-1225

1400 Sets up Water truck for Hot Work

left site KR

9/23/06 Bioreactor Construction Cloudy, Cool

Arrive 6:45 am

Safety Meeting: <sup>USA</sup> Red, Brian T. <sup>Parsons</sup> Ken

Fire Safety: Lined out work for cutting holes in post. Brian T will be operating cutting torch and Red will be fire watch.

Fire extinguisher (2) on-site  
Water truck on-site

Brian to start on SW corner going east (toward T6) then move to far west (Near T1) to cut on posts.

Objective: Cut holes in post for cable fencing  
Clean site.

Equipment: loader

0830 Performed porosity experiment

T1 -  $\frac{1}{5}$  gal mulch / 2.9 gal water = 50%

T2 - " " = 50%

T3 - 1 gal mulch / 2.2 gal water = 48%



$$T_4 - 5 \text{ gal} / 2.4 \text{ gal water} = 48\%$$
$$T_5 - 5 \text{ gal mulch} / 2.5 \text{ gal water} = 50\%$$
$$T_6 - 5 \text{ gal mulch} / 2.57 \text{ gal water} = 51\%$$

Average Porosity  $\approx 50\%$ .

9:00 USA preparing to use cutting torch.

0930 Site visit w Glare and Stephanie  
noted Asphalt material in  
soil re-use pile.

1330 left site

KN

9/29/06 Breventor Construction

Sunny, Warm

0700 USA Arrived onsite

Ken, Red, Brian

Object - finish cable fencing

0930 Ken and Brian arrive on-post spoke  
with Rene regarding site visit plan.

1000 Site tour with TFM #4 participants

1030 Review new AST site

1100 Returned to meeting

1400 Meeting Adjourned

Rene + Company completed B-3 Cable  
fencing.

1430 Left Site

TKM

10/2/06 Biorreactor Construction

0900 Arrived on-site w/ USA

Objective: Weld entrance/exit  
on corner posts and complete out monitoring  
sumps.

USA: Parsons  
Rene, Red, Brian Ken

Safety Brief: - Hot work issues

Completed Emergency / Non-Contingency  
Hot Work Checklist for welding  
work.

1030 Reviewed planned activities,  
complete temporary hookups of tank  
with rented pump. Anticipate commissioning  
system on Wed. Casey to look  
into renting gas powered pump  
capable of 120 gpm discharge.

1300 Left site to get materials for tomorrow

↑  
W

10/3 Bioreactor Installation (~~Wednesday~~) Clear, Hot

0730 Arrive on-site prepared for objective

Objective - Fill water tank @ B-3 w/  
fire water. Install header system (Tena)  
for water distribution

0800 USA on-site Rene, Reed, Brian J.

0900 Rene off-post shopping for supplies (Pvc pipe  
and fittings)

Reed + I configure GAC unit transfer line  
to bring water from horse neck (fire water) to  
GAC bldg. then back toward tank in  
Well transfer line. Using 1 1/2" fire hose  
and back-flow preventer.

1330 Initiated tank filling, working good.

1400 Header system configuration complete w/  
all six trench irrigation lines completed into  
header

1500 USA left site

143 (cont) Backreactor Installation.

1530 Tank full - disconnected fire hose from  
horseneck water line and removed  
backflow preventer. Returned unit (backflow)  
to original location near Bldg. 31. Eli  
notified of unit return.

1630 left site

Me



10/4 Borcatov Installation (Wed) pt. Cloudy, Warm

0800 USA ARRIVES on-site to start today objective:

Objective Complete hook up of pump (rented) and transfer line to trench irrigation system header. Initiate irrigation system test.

1000 Ken arrives on-site. Safety briefing on pump operation and physical hazards of irrigation system.

Samantha GPS Coordinate gathering for spray nozzles in each trench, corner posts of cable fencing and sump locations.

1230 USA initiate site cleanup of old trash and hose near tank

1330 Initiated water irrigation through each trench for visual confirmation

1600 Completed testing (visual); need cleanout of nozzles in trenches 3 and 5 and 6.

1700 left site

~~for~~

10/5 Bioreactor Installation (Thurs.) Clear

0900 Arrive on-site; Safety precautions on small engines and pressurized lines.

Objective: Continue to test and get irrigation system

USA: Rene, Red, Brian

Parson: Ken, Samantha

0900 USA replacing nozzles which had blockage

Trench 1 - <sup>2</sup> 34 nozzles

Trench 2 - 34 nozzles

Trench 3 - 32 nozzles

Trench 4 - 16 nozzles

Trench 5 - 24 nozzles

Trench 6 - 19 nozzles - note 4 @ 2.5 gpm @ 35 psi

159 nozzles

Nozzles rate for 1.6 gallons/min. @ 35 psi

Added 1 nozzle to T6 within Northern part.

Now total is 160 nozzles

10/5 Cont..

0930 Tank running low (1/4 full) need additional water for pressure test

0945 Start filling tank from CSSA water line (notified EIC of intent permission granted)

1000 USA completing sump build out

1150 Completed filling tank

1130 Lunch

1200 Start testing T1 plan to take Pressure and flow,  $P_{N1}$  = Pressure North end Trench 1,  $P_{S1}$  = Pressure South end of Trench 1,  $F_{W1}$  = Flow @  $P_{N1}$  for Trench 1

1230 Trench 1 - 34 nozzles @ 1.8 gpm  
 $F_{W1} = 48 \text{ gpm} = \underline{47.6 \text{ gpm}}$   
 $P_{N1} = 30 \text{ psi}$   
 $P_{S1} = 24 \text{ psi}$

Three nozzles leaking, repaired on spot. Looks good

10/5 cont.

## Trench 2

$$FW_2 = 48 \text{ gpm}$$

$$PN_2 = 30 \text{ psi}$$

$$PS_2 = 22 \text{ psi}$$

$$34 \text{ nozzles @ } 1.4 \text{ gpm @ } 30 \text{ psi}$$

$$= 47.6 \text{ gpm}$$

note valve on end of trench

leaking (~~stopped~~), Oring pinched

One nozzle leaking → corrected in field

## Trench 3

$$FW_3 = 44 \text{ gpm}$$

$$PN_3 = 30 \text{ psi}$$

$$PS_3 = 24 \text{ psi}$$

$$32 \text{ nozzles @ } 1.4 \text{ gpm @ } 30 \text{ psi}$$

$$= 44.8 \text{ gpm}$$

Two nozzles leaking → corrected in field

## Trench 4

$$FW_4 = 26 \text{ gpm}$$

$$PN_4 = 35 \text{ psi}$$

$$PS_4 = 30 \text{ psi}$$

$$16 \text{ nozzles @ } 1.6 \text{ gpm @ } 35 \text{ psi}$$

$$= 25.6 \text{ gpm}$$

No leaking nozzles

## Trench 5

$$FW_5 = 33.5 \text{ gpm}$$

$$PN_5 = 30 \text{ psi}$$

$$PS_5 = 26 \text{ psi}$$

24 nozzles

10/5 Cont.

Tranch 6 20 nozzles w/ 4 nozzles @ 2.7 gpm @ 35 psi  
 $E_{w6} = 34$  gpm 16 nozzles @ 1.6 gpm @ 35 psi  
 $P_{N6} = 37$  psi  
 $P_{s2} = 27$  psi

No leaks

1400 USA cleaned site and left site

1430 Site visit w/ Brian V. and Bob Edwards to review irrigation system.

1500 Meeting (scheduled) w/ Bob, Brian and Estave.

1530 Ken left site

Notes from Meeting:

Assumption: Migration will be vertically and be in reducing conditions

note:

USA on-post to remove water pump to front gate

10/6. KM



10/9 Mon. Bioreactor Construction

Cool, Clear morning; Warm afternoon

0730 Arrive on-site USA crew changing  
pre-filters at Bldg. 90

0800 Objective: Fill holes located at  
nozzles with rock

Equipment; loader

Brian, Red, Renee - Ken

0900 Crew on B-3 working to fill  
objectives

Ordered a mini excavator for tomorrow  
to help with cover work expected  
to start tomorrow.

1200 Lunch

1330 First trench complete, working  
on second trench.

10/9 Cont. Bioreactor Construction

1430 Continue w/ backfilling of pea gravel in trench 2.

Removing testing equipment and storing in GAC building (TPOES out full 02)

1530 left site, USA continuing to work

W

10/10 Tuesday Bireation Construction

Overcast and Rain expected

0800 Arrive on-site USA already on-site

Safety: Working in adverse weather conditions; heavy equipment

U3A - Rene, Red, Brian

Persons - Ken

Equipment - Loader, Mini excavator

Objective - continue to fill holes w/ pea gravel and dig electrical trench from pole to tank and 1<sup>st</sup> sump in trench 3

0900 Completed backfilling holes in trench 2 with pea gravel.

1000 U3A loaded roll-off with leached copper material for recycling.

1030 Rain

1130 U3A left site

VM

10/11 Wed. Bioreactor Construction

0700 Arrive onsite: Weather pt. Cloudy, Cool  
- turn to sunny in afternoon

0730 USA Rene, Red, Brian T

Safety: Back safety working with  
hand tools

Objective Continue to fill in trenches  
spray nozzle holes with rock.

0800 Equipment: Loader, mini excavator

Working on trench 3 rock placement

1000 Completed trench 3 - going on to trench  
4.

- to ~~CS-09~~ - Glare questioned if pumped GW  
from CS-09 has to be managed. Indicated that  
it probably does in accordance with RFI from  
WMP and can be managed through outfall (D)

Called Abigail at TCEQ to discuss  
appropriate management methods.

10/11 Wed. Bioreactor Construction

Abbi will receive specific work planning for GW from CS-9 (lead, mercury) and purge

details of compliance with CSSA discharge and permit limits.

1130 ~~at~~ completed trench if going onto trench 5

1200 Lunch

1300 TO-209 - following is example of IS-09 purge water management

Given: CSSA CS-9 GW = 45 mg/l of Pb

Discharge rate 6000 GPD

Purge water = 1,200 G

Discharge limitation (70%) for lead = 21  $\mu$ g Average

$$0.006 \text{ MGD} \times 45 \text{ ppm} \times 8.32 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}} = 2.25 \text{ lbs/Pb}$$

$$2.25 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{lead}} \times 8.32 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}} \times 0.0072 \text{ MGD} = 0.001944 \text{ ppm}$$

i.e. Discharge in compliance.



10/11 Wed. Bioreactor Constr. Conts

1400 USA almost completed trench 5 backfill  
expecting to complete trench 5 and 6 backfilling  
by end of day.

1930 Plan to <sup>start to</sup> install geotextile material  
on trench 1 + 2 on Thursday and  
cover with rock

Ken Rice left site

10/16

Note USA on-site  
with mini excavator  
and loader on  
Thursday 10/12 & Friday  
10/13 installing geotextile  
liner.

10/16 Mon. Bioreactor Construction Rain, wet

0900 Arrive on-site USA already in progress. Safety moment, lightning avoidance and working in wet slick condition (just don't mess w/ either)

1000 USA working on trench 2 and are spreading soil between trench 2 + trench 3 over the geofabric & pea gravel material

1200 Rain cont. Called work off for the day. Spoke w/ Glare + Bob regarding potential sampling req. for B-3. meeting on Thurs.

1300 Worked on Bioreactor paper work, for <sup>the</sup> QL plan

1500 left site

Equipment: Mini excavator  
Leader

USA Rene, Red, Brian,  
Persons Ken

R

10/12 Tuesday Bioreactor Construction clear, cool  
Warming

0730 Arrive on-site  
USA - Rene, Red, Brian T.

Objective Continue with pea gravel cover  
on trenches 1 + 2.

0800 Rene + Ken reviewing USA invoicing for  
month of Sept.

Safety: Working around heavy equipment.

Equipment: Mini excavator, Loader, Skid  
steer <sup>soil</sup> <sub>190</sub>

0900 ~~Called the~~ Shut down covering activities  
and continue with just pea gravel  
cover. Brian V to call Bryan Smith at  
TCEA regarding VIL cover requirements

1000 Conts working on pea gravel cover of trench 1 + 2

1130 Lunch

1230 Crew continues to spread gravel over  
trench 1.

10/17 Tue. Cont.

1400 USA finished gravel placement on trench 1, Working on fabric Placement for trench 4.

1500 Completed fabric Placement for trench 4. moving on to trench 3 then to trench 6. Schedule trench 5 for last.

1700 USA continue with fabric placement appears we will have enough fabric and pea gravel.

1730 KR left site USA continuing till dark.

KR

10/18 Wed. Bioreactor Construction Clear, cool  
Warming expected

0730 Arrive on site - USA personnel  
Rene, Red, Brian T. - equipment same as 10/17

Safety - Working in hot weather and  
heavy equipment

Objective - Complete fabric placement  
in Trench 6 and Trench 5 and  
cover fabric w/ pea gravel.

0830 Rene indicates we should be complete  
with fabric placement and cover. Still  
waiting on correspondence from Bryan  
Smith on VIC cover system required.

0900 Meeting w/ CSSA and Parsons for  
work efforts.

- Julie to provide memo on requirements for  
Public water supply systems for CSSA.

- Finalize T0207 - GW monitoring w/  
Fish & Wildlife basin management plan.  
UXO Management issues -  
Clearance of road in EP.



10/18 Wed. (Cont.) Director Construction

- Nov. 27 - Dec. 4<sup>th</sup> EP Basin + East Outer Road and UXO training to occur
- Teresa to provide Chris with report on Lead + Asbestos Survey on Bldg 78 (welding shop near Motor pool).
- Stephanie to send DHL report on effluent results dated Oct. 11, 2006 to Ken.
- Julie to schedule meeting with Bob Brinkman next week for issues on gtrs 11.
- SVE sampling @ AOC 65 this Friday.
- Do Posters!!! for meetings.

1030 USA completed fabric placement in all trenches.

1130 lunch

1200 USA applying <sup>7<sup>th</sup></sup> fabric pea gravel in trench 5.

10/18 Wed. Bioreactor Construction

1330 Brian Vanderglas called and indicated that pea gravel is sufficient cover for UIC permit conditions. Bryan Smith (TCEQ) indicated that the nozzels just need to be covered.

1300 USA continues to place pea gravel

1330 left site

7/11

10/19 Thurs Bioreactor Construction Cool, pt,  
Cloudy

0730 Arrive on-site USA here and placing  
gravel on trench 5.

USA: Rene, Red, Brian T.

Equipment Mini excavator, Loader, Skid Steer

Objective: Continue to place pea gravel  
a 4-6" thickness on bioreactor material  
in each trench

0900 Complete pea gravel installation  
on trench 5.

Observed water levels in trench 1-3  
and trench 6-1 drops

trench 1-3 a 3" of water

trench 6-1 a 4" of water

Water is warm

1000 Placing gravel in trench 3. Meeting  
to discuss Bioreactor sampling RSVR in  
Han. w/ Bob Edwards + Kirk Lawson.

12/19 cont.

1100 meeting w/ Bob Edwards, Chris Beal,  
Kirk Lawson, <sup>and</sup> Samantha Edwards for

- Bob discussed the PHE requirements  
for sampling at wells and Sumps

- Site Visit

1150 Record g.w. parameters at Bioreactor Sumps 1-3 & 4-1

#	1-3	6-1	6-1 (2nd)
Temp	27.4	28.5	29.5
SC	2.107	0.669	0.773
DO	2.75	3.5	2.91
pH	6.72	6.4	6.38
ORP	-118	-	-91.8

Discussed which <sup>PH</sup> well bioreactor sumps to test for  
DHE (Dehalococcoides ethenogenes)

1) Sump 1-2  
2) WB-05  
3) MW-1

} Do these now

4) ~~Sump~~ 6-1  
5) Sump 4-1

} Do these later

10/19 Cont.

1245 1400h

1430 Kirk Cannon continue with discussions  
on B-3 sampling and monitoring.  
Ken off-foot.

Note:

USA on-site placing  
gravel over filter  
fabric and initiating  
construction of berm  
on West side of  
Trench 1 see 10/20,  
10/23 + 10/24.

- Equipment: Mini,  
Skid Steer, Loader
- Personnel: Rene, Red,  
Brian T.

TR



10/25 Wed. Bio reactor Construction Rain

0700 Arrive on-site

Safety; working in adverse weather

Ust, Rene, Brian T. <sup>Equipment</sup> Loader, Min; Excavator.

0800 Site too wet to continue with berm construction. Moving on to pump test of irrigation system

1000 Pump plumbed

1030 Trench 1  
 $F_1 = 43 \text{ gpm}$   
 $P_{N1} = 28 \text{ psi}$

Trench 4  
 $F_4 = 26 \text{ gpm}$   
 $P_{N4} = 32 \text{ psi}$

Trench 2  
 $F_2 = 43 \text{ gpm}$   
 $P_{N2} = 28 \text{ psi}$

Trench 5  
 $F_5 = 34 \text{ gpm}$   
 $P_{N5} = 32 \text{ psi}$

Trench 3  
 $F_3 = 42 \text{ gpm}$   
 $P_{N3} = 24 \text{ psi}$

Trench 6  
 $F_6 = 46 \text{ gpm}$   
 $P_{N6} = 26 \text{ psi}$

1430 Collected CS-9 purge water for VOC, SVOC, Total metals & PCBs

12/25 Wed. Bioreactor Construction

1300 USA off-site

1500 left site

Note: USA rained  
out Thursday 10/26.  
and off of Friday 10/27.  
10/30 *ML*

*ML*

10/30 Mon. Bioreactor Construction

cool, clear

0700 USA Arrived on-site

Objective - Complete berm build and start on pipe header system

USA: Rene, Red, Brian T  
Parsons - Ken

Equipment, Loader, Mini Excavator

0930 Ken Arrives on-site; discussed objective for week.

Anticipate Berm Completed by 10/31 and Underground conduit to be completed by Thurs. 10/24. Pipe header should be completed by end of day today.

1000 Spoke with Henry Drex on Underground utility work anticipated by USA. Procurement package to SLI for B-3 Bioreactor control is to include only Above ground efforts. USA will perform Underground work.

10/30 (Cont.) Bio-reactor Construction  
~~11:45~~

11:45 lunch - Hot work permit.

12:30 Spoke to Scott Pearson on work with  
USA on support of SGI.

1400 4" pipe support cut and welded  
working on holes in support for  
1 1/2" down pipes.

1430 left site

Note:

USA on-site  
11/1 - 11/3 installing  
Underground Utility  
Conduit.  
fr

M

11/6 Mon. Bioreactor Construction Pt. Clowely  
Scattered Showers

0800 Arrive on-site met w/ Rene to  
line out today's work and go over last  
week's efforts.

Objective today is to clean site  
and gather materials for off-site disposal.  
Complete header system.

Last week:

Completed conduit installation on  
3" line placement for bioreactor irrigation  
system. Additionally, completed permit  
for west-end.

USA. Rene, Red - Parsons Ken

0900 Spoke with Brian Vandergras regarding completion  
efforts. Brian wants estimated cost for  
completion of B-3 construction.

Estimated through Oct. 06 ~ \$37,500

Total - 857,500

Need to include NOV. 06 costs



11/6 cat Bioreactor Construction

1230 Reviewed billing w/ Rene

Billing

10/2	7:30 am - 3 pm	- 7.0	R, Rd, B	
			Loader, Welder \$60/day	
10/3	8 - 3:30	7.0	RRB - Loader	
10/4	7 - 4:30	- 9.0	RRB - Loader, <u>flr pump?</u>	
10/5	7 - 2:30	7.0	RRB - Loader, pump	
10/6	1.5 hr	Rd	Pump removed	
10/9	1230 - 4	- 3.5	RRB, Loader	
10/10	6:30 - 12:30	6 hrs	RRB, Loader + mini	
10/11	6:30 - 4:30	10	RRB Loader, mini	
10/12	5:30 - 3:00 pm	9	RRB Loader, mini	
10/13	6:30 - 4:00	9	RRB Loader, mini	
10/16	7 - 11	- 4	RRB Loader, mini	
10/17	7:30 - 1906	- 12	RRB Loader mini	
10/18	7 - 4:30	9	RRB Loader, mini, SCBA (time)	1.5 R
10/19	7 - 4:30	9	RRB Loader, mini, Bobcat.	
10/24	7 - 5	9.5	RR, Rd Loader, mini	
	7 - 3:30			
10/23 (mon)	7 - 3:30	8	RRB, Loader, mini, Bobcat	
10/25	7 - 1	5	RRB Loader, mini, Pump	
10/30	6 - 4	8.5	RRB, Loader, mini, welder	
10/31	7 - 4	8.5	RRB, Loader, mini, welder	
11/3	10 - 3	4.5	RR, Loader, mini, <u>box</u> 12/day	691.75/hr

Continue next page

6:10  
 Filter  
 Change

## Billing (Cont.)

11-01	-	6:30 - 3:30	-	8.5 RR	Loader, mini
11/2	-	6 - 4:30	-	9 RR	Loader, mini
11/6	-	7 -		RR	Loader, mini
11/7	-			RR	

1430 Gathered recycle (metal) materials for placement into CSSA roll-off for recycling at Newell.

1630 Completed site clean-up activities still need to paint posts on west side.

1700 left site

mm

11/7 Bioreactor Construction

0830 Arrive on-site

VSP

~~Persons~~

Equipment

Rene, Ted

Ken

Loader, Mini

Objective; complete post painting and  
move out equipment

0930 Moving excavated materials on <sup>east</sup> ~~west~~ ~~top~~  
side for consolidation. Approximately  
800 cu remaining on-site.

1130 Lunch

1200 Covered excavated trenches w/ min;  
left ~ 3' on ends of pipes for  
final completion.

1530 left site

11/16 Fri. Bioreactor Construction Clear, Cool

MS-1-3

Temp. 26.67

Cond. 2.161

DO 3.8

pH 6.81

ORP -144.4

MS 6-1

Temp 28.74

Con 0.771

DO 3.29

pH 6.36

ORP -79.4

0730 Arrive on-site.

Objective: Baker surveying to complete topo of B-3 after construction.

Parsons

Ken,

Baker

Vance, Mike

0830 Baker initiated topo survey.

need: (1) elevations on monitoring sumps and surrounding area including areas just outside (and inside) of fencing.

(2) locations of power pole; water tank and delivery of the lines of water (3" PVC), Header systems and electrical conduit stub outs.

11/16 Fri. Bioreactor Const. (Cont.)

1130 Baker Survey complete with their activities

1300 Gathered data of Monitoring Sump fluids. (see previous page) On Sump Ms-1-3 and ms 6-1.

1430 Applied Annual Grass seed to B-3 site. Needs more!

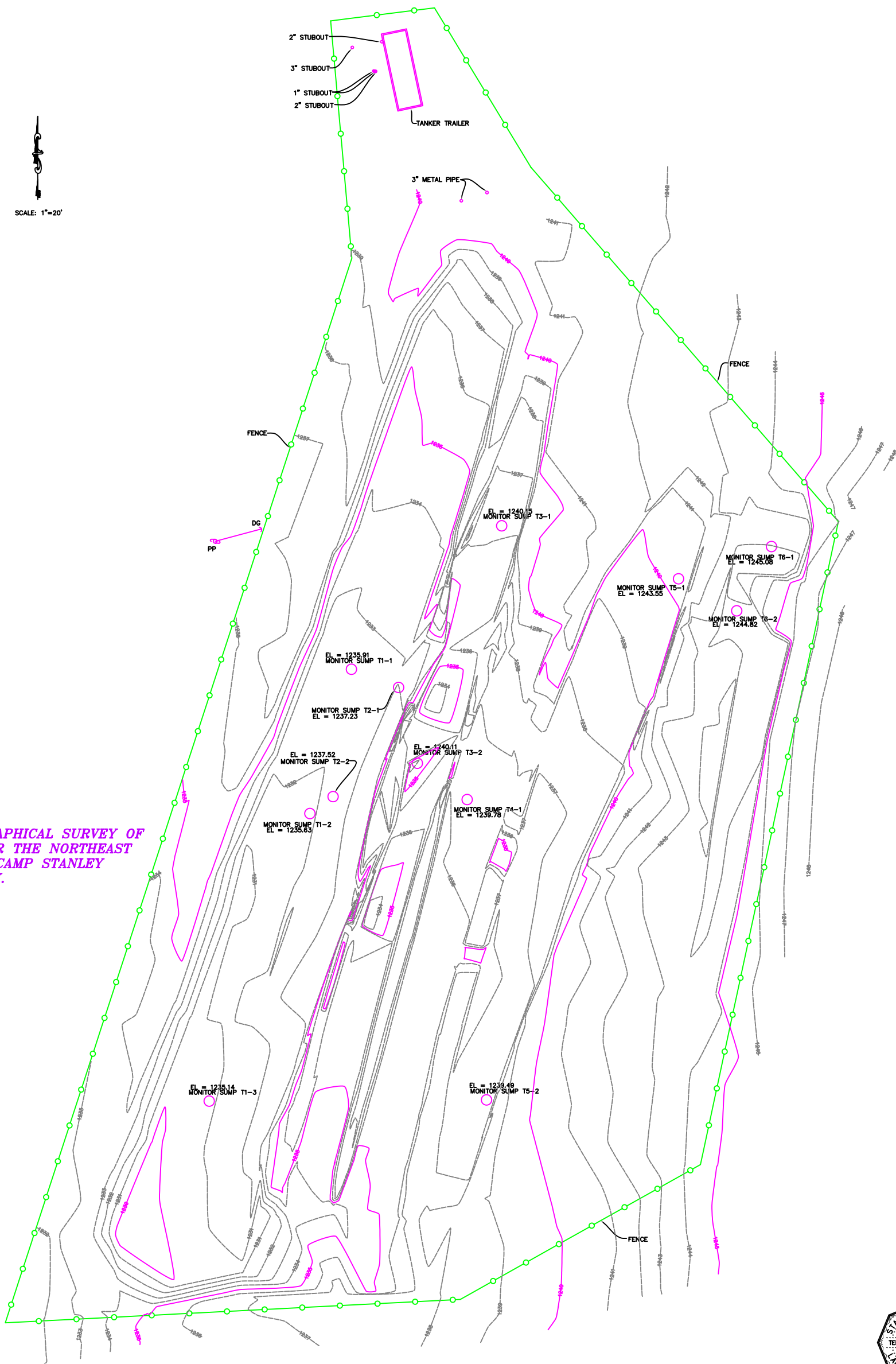
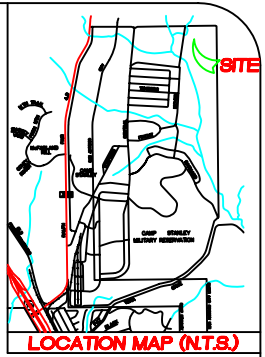
1500 left site

JK



**APPENDIX C**  
**DESIGN/AS-BUILT DRAWINGS OF BIOREACTOR**  
**INCLUDING SURVEY DATA**

NOTES:  
 1) BASIS OF BEARING IS:  
 COORDINATE SYSTEM - UTM  
 HORIZONTAL DATUM - NAD83  
 VERTICAL DATUM - NAVD88  
 ZONE - 14 NORTH  
 GEOD. MODEL - GEOID 03  
 COORDINATE UNITS - US FEET  
 HEIGHT UNITS - US FEET  
 2) NO CURRENT TITLE OPINION OF COMMITMENT FOR TITLE INSURANCE WAS FURNISHED AT THE TIME OF SURVEY; THEREFORE, NO CERTIFICATION IS MADE THAT ALL EASEMENTS AND DEDICATIONS OR OTHER ENCUMBRANCES ARE SHOWN ON THIS SURVEY.  
 3) CORRESPONDING METES AND BOUNDS DESCRIPTION NOT PREPARED.  
 4) IMPROVEMENTS ARE SHOWN.



**PLAT SHOWING:  
 UPDATED TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF  
 SIX DITCHES NEAR THE NORTHEAST  
 CORNER OF THE CAMP STANLEY  
 STORAGE FACILITY.**

**BAKER**  
 SURVEYING, INC.

PH. (830) 833-2250  
 FAX. (830) 833-2257  
 2250 US 281 N.  
 BLANCO TX. 78606

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PREPARED FOR:

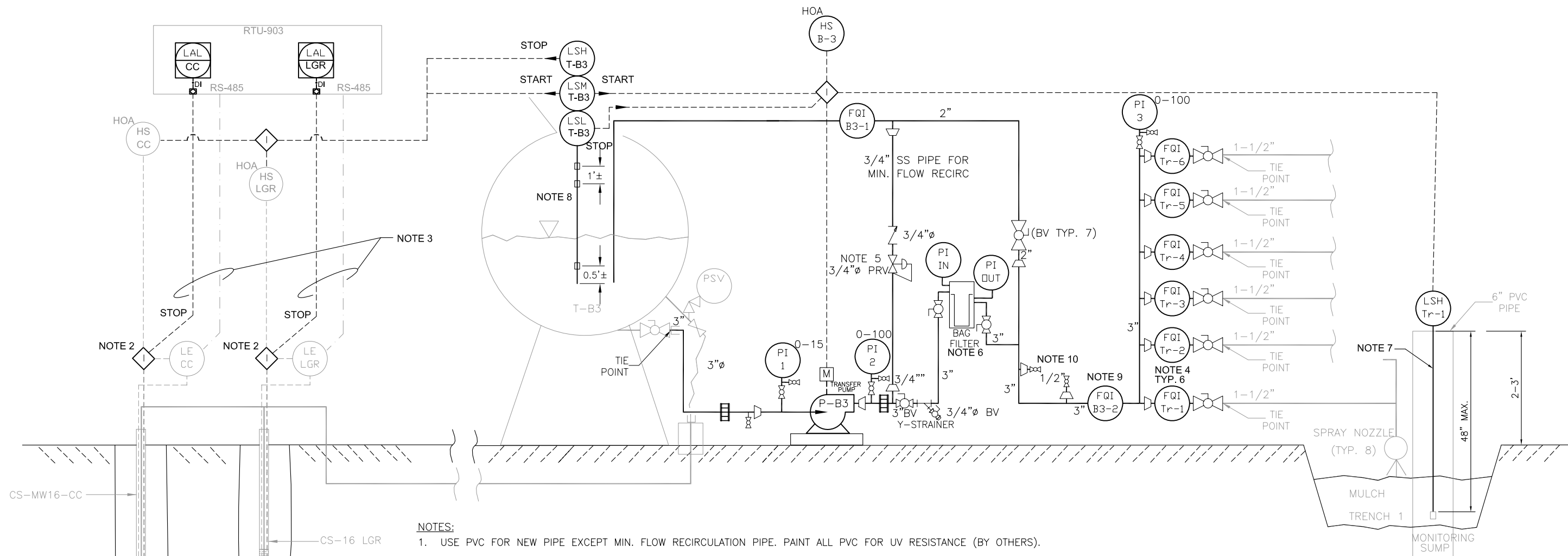
**PARSONS**  
 CAMP STANLEY STORAGE FACILITY  
 25800 RALPH FAIR ROAD  
 ENVIRONMENTAL OFFICE  
 BOERNE, TEXAS 78015-4800  
 210-722-4364



STATE OF TEXAS :  
 COUNTY OF BLANCO:

I, TERESA A. SEIDEL, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT WAS PREPARED FROM AN ACTUAL SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND BY PERSONS WORKING UNDER MY SUPERVISION.

**TERESA A. SEIDEL**  
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR NO. 5672  
 SURVEYED: JULY 17, 2006  
 PROJECT NO.: 06-034 PARSONS  
 DWG No.: N:\Draw 2006\06-034 PARSONS TOPO\DWG.  
 REVISED: JANUARY 3, 2007



**NOTES:**

1. USE PVC FOR NEW PIPE EXCEPT MIN. FLOW RECIRCULATION PIPE. PAINT ALL PVC FOR UV RESISTANCE (BY OTHERS).
2. ADD 12 VDC INTERPOSING RELAYS TO PUMP CONTROLS FOR LSL STOP COMMAND. INCLUDE 20-MINUTE TIME DELAY IN SCADA SYSTEM (OR BY OTHER MEANS) TO PREVENT WELL PUMP FROM EXCESSIVE CYCLING.
3. INSTALL 16 GA. TSP CABLES IN SAME CONDUIT WITH RS-485 CABLE FOR LAL STOP COMMAND SIGNAL
4. PROVIDE 6 SEAMETRICS (OR EQUAL) MODEL# FT415M/IP81Y-60-1.5" BATTERY-POWERED TOTALIZING FLOW INDICATORS.
5. ADJUSTABLE BACKPRESSURE REGULATOR (40 TO 60 PSIG RANGE) FISHER SERIES 98H OR EQUAL.
6. INSTALL CONTRACTOR SUPPLIED CARBONAIR KRYSTAL KLEER INLINE BAG FILTER, MODEL 88-30 STYLE B (BY OTHERS).
7. PROVIDE SINGLE POINT FLOAT LEVEL SWITCH MAGNETROL T20-DB2A-AAQ OR EQUAL.
8. PROVIDE MULTIPOINT DISPLACER TYPE FLOAT LEVEL SWITCH MAGNETROL C10 SERIES OR EQUAL AND INSTALL IN APPROPRIATE SIZED STILLING WELL.
9. PROVIDE TWO SEAMETRICS (OR EQUAL) FLOWMETERS, ONE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING MODELS: FT415M/IP81Y-60-3" AND FT415M/IP81Y-60-2" BATTERY-POWERED TOTALIZING FLOW INDICATORS. (866) 542-9641.
10. INSTALL 1/2" ISOLATION VALVES FOR FUTURE AMENDMENT ADDITION (BY OTHERS).
11. LABEL TANK WITH STENCIL OR PLACARD "CS-16 NON-POTABLE WATER"
12. INSTALL CONTRACTOR SUPPLIED HORIZONTAL END-SUCTION CENTRIFUGAL, CLOSE-COUPLED PUMP P-B3 WITH A CAPACITY OF 120 GPM @ 145 FT (BY OTHERS).

**LEGEND**

- EXISTING
- NEW
- ▷ REDUCER
- Y Y-STRAINER
- EXPANSION JOINT OR FLEXIBLE COUPLING



0	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	HCD	1/2007
B	ISSUED FOR BID	HCD	12/2006
A	ISSUED FOR CSSA REVIEW AND APPROVAL	HCD	10/2006

REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY:	DATE:
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**REVISIONS**

SCALES SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE APPLICABLE ONLY TO B SIZE DRAWING

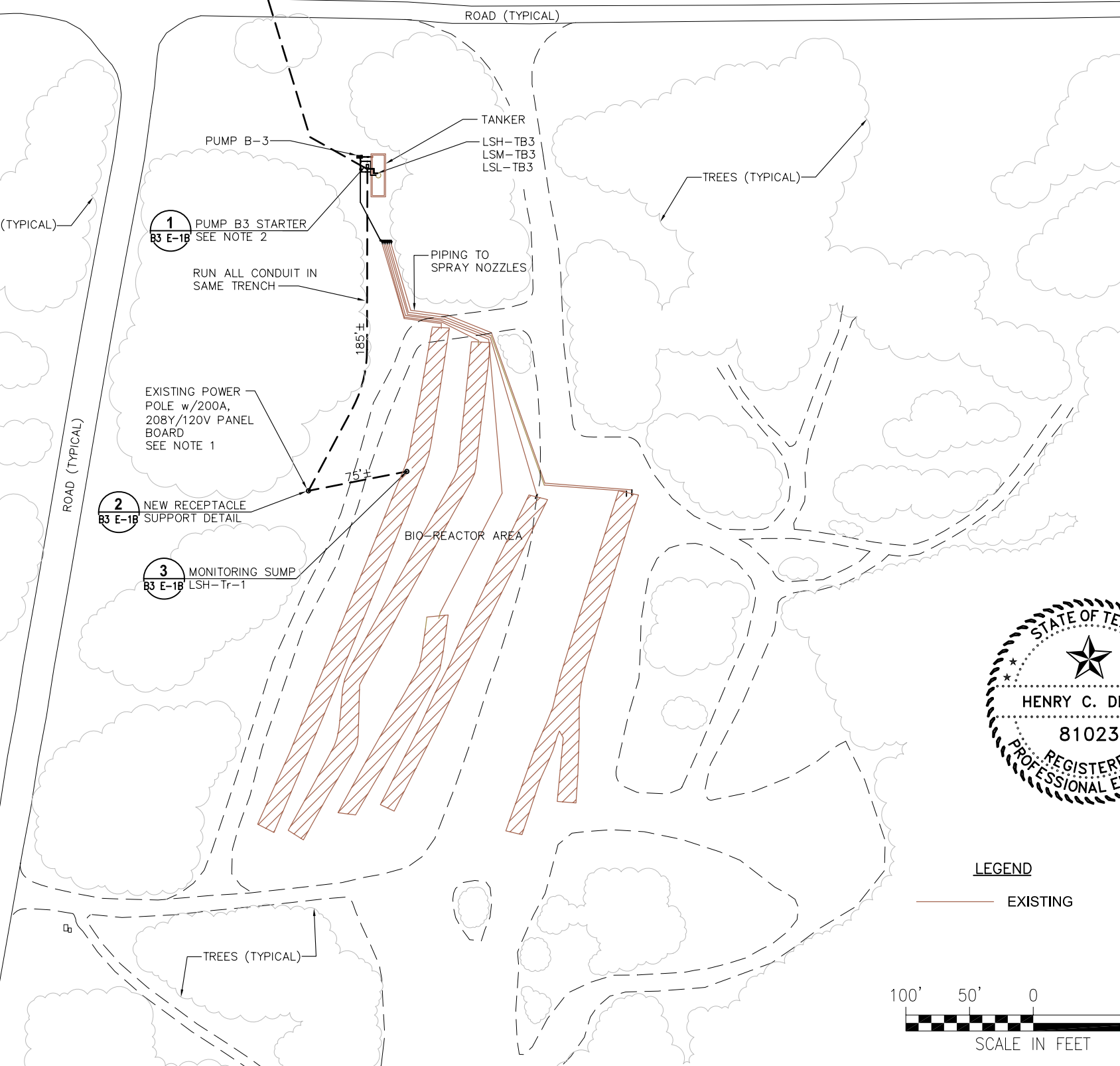
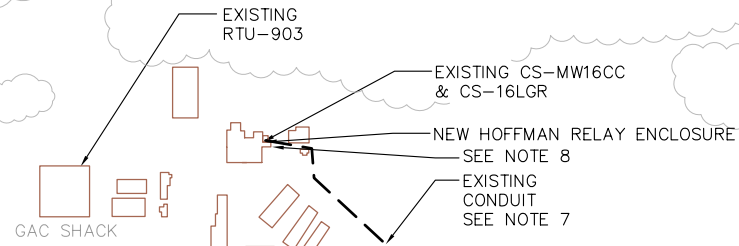
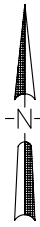
**CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY FACILITY UPGRADES**  
 Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006

CONTRACTOR :  
**PARSONS** Job No. 744223 WBS 10000

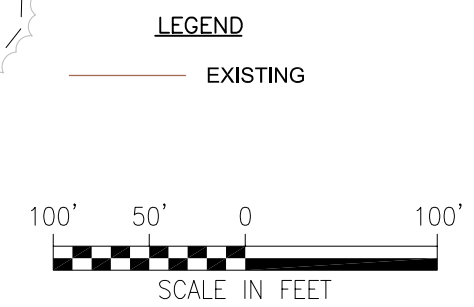
Drawing Title :  
**CSSA SWMU B3 BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM PROCESS DIAGRAM**

Designed : RH	Drawn : HCD	Rev: 0
Checked : KL	Approved : KRR	

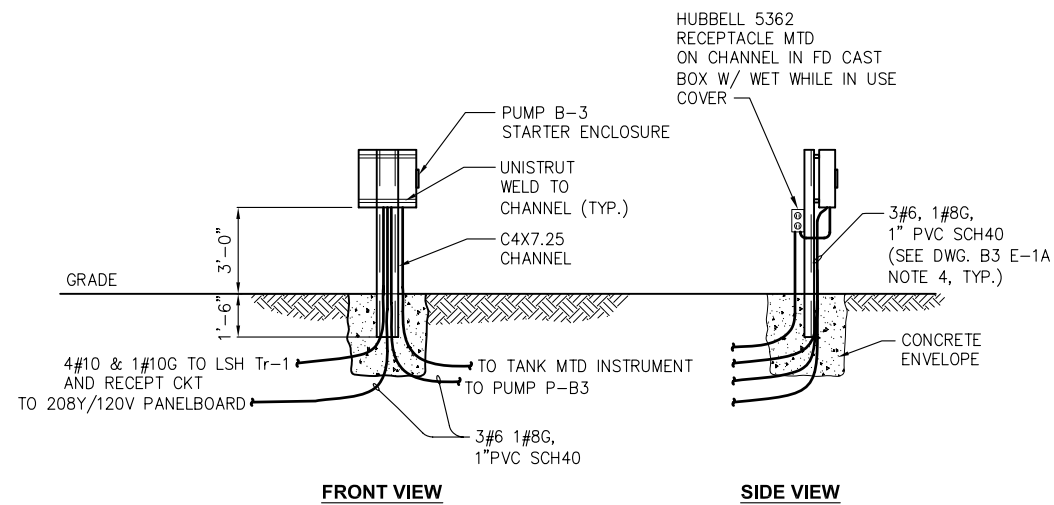
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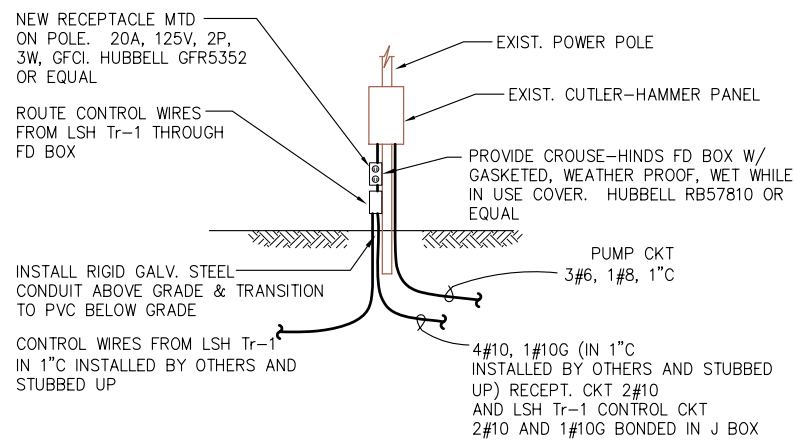
- NOTES:**
- INSTALL 1-70A, 3P AND 4-15A, 1P CIRCUIT BREAKERS IN EXISTING 200A, 208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W CUTLER HAMMER PANELBOARD. PANELBOARD INTERIOR SHALL BE THOROUGHLY CLEANED & ALL DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED. REFURBISH PANELBOARD BY INSTALLING NEUTRAL & GROUND BUSES. INSTALL COVER PLATES FOR ALL EXPOSED LIVE PARTS. INSTALL IN THE VICINITY OF PANELBOARD 3/4"Øx10'-0" COPPERCLAD STEEL GROUND ROD AND CONNECT WITH #4 AWG BARE COPPER GROUNDING ELECTRODE CONDUCTOR TO PANELBOARD. BOND NEUTRAL & GROUND BUS.
  - INSTALL CIRCUIT BREAKER COMBINATION STARTER FOR PUMP B-3 IN THE VICINITY OF TANKER TRUCK NEAR PUMP B-3. COMBINATION C.B STARTER SHALL BE FVNR TYPE, RATED FOR 208V, 3PH, 60HZ, OPERATION AND SHALL BE COMPLETE WITH HOA SELECTOR SWITCH AND START BUTTON ON ITS COVER. STARTER SHALL BE NEMA SIZE 2 IN NEMA 4 ENCLOSURE AND FURNISHED WITH A 208Y-120V CONTROL POWER TRANSFORMER AND THERMAL UNITS. SQD. CLASS 8539 OR EQUAL.
  - INSTALL 3#6 AND 1#8G IN EXISTING 1" PVC CONDUIT FROM 208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W PANELBOARD TO PUMP B-3 STARTER.
  - PAINT ALL EXPOSED PVC CONDUIT WITH UV RESISTANT PAINT. ALL TRENCHING, BACKFILL AND UNDERGROUND CONDUIT BY OTHERS.
  - INSTALL 4#14 IN 3/4" SCH 40 MIN. PVC CONDUIT FROM TRUCK TANKER LSH/LSM/LSL-T-B3 FLOAT SWITCHES TO PUMP P-B3 STARTER.
  - INSTALL 2#10 IN EXISTING 1" PVC CONDUIT FROM LSH TR-1 TO PUMP P-B3 STARTER. ALSO INSTALL 2#10 AND 1#10G FROM EXISTING POWER PANEL TO PUMP P-B3 STARTER IN EXISTING 1" SIGNAL WIRE CONDUIT AT POWER POLE.
  - USE EXISTING CONDUIT TO ROUTE 6#14 FROM NEW HOFFMAN RELAY ENCLOSURE TO NEW LEVEL SWITCHES AT TANKER MANHOLE VIA PUMP STARTER. PULL OUT EXISTING SOLID CORE WIRES FROM EXISTING CONDUIT. EXTEND CONDUIT TO P-B3 STARTER. RUN NEW CONDUITS (6#14 3/4"C AND 4#14 3/4"C) FROM P-B3 STARTER TO LEVEL SWITCHES AT TANKER MANHOLE. EXTEND CONDUIT ON OPPOSITE END TO HOFFMAN RELAY ENCLOSURE.
  - INSTALL 1-15A, 1-P, 120VAC POWER CIRCUIT TO HOFFMAN RELAY ENCLOSURE FROM WELL 16 AREA POWER DISTRIBUTION PANEL, 2#12, 1#12G 3/4" RGS CONDUIT.



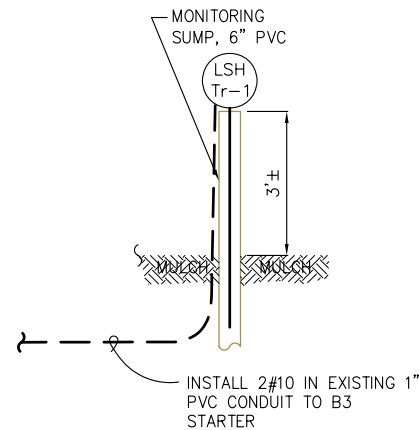
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B	ISSUED FOR BID	HCD	12/2006
A	ISSUED FOR CSSA REVIEW AND APPROVAL	HCD	11/2006
REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY:	DATE:
R E V I S I O N S			
SCALES SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE APPLICABLE ONLY TO B SIZE DRAWING			
CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY FACILITY UPGRADES			
Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006			
CONTRACTOR :			
<b>PARSONS</b> Job No. 744223 WBS 10000			
Drawing Title :			
<b>CSSA SWMU B3 BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM ELECTRICAL PLAN AND OVERVIEW</b>			
Designed : PS	Drawn : PS	Rev: 0	
Checked : HCD	Approved : KRR		
Scale : NONE	Date : AUGUST 2006	Drawing No. : B3 E-1A	



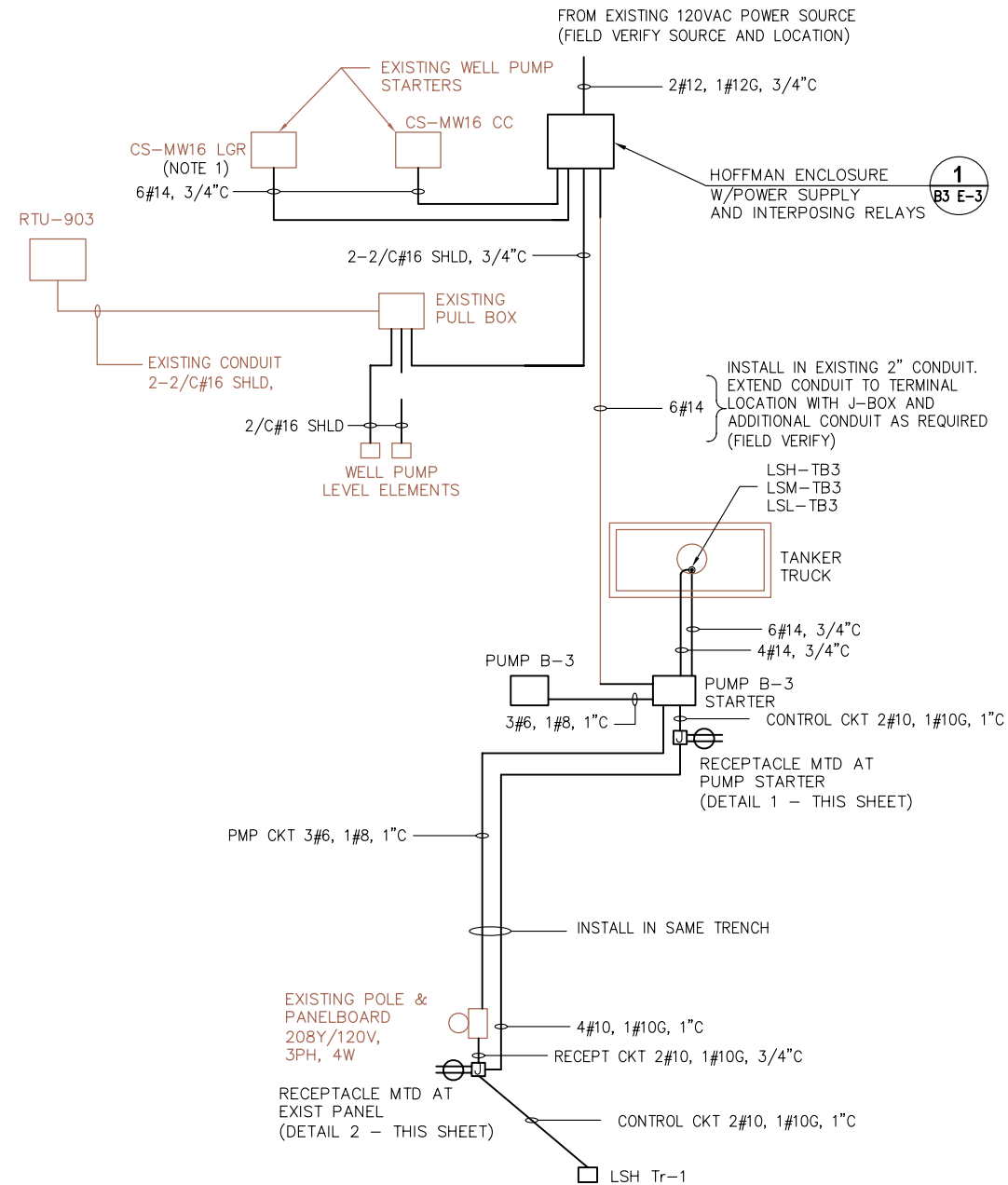
**1 PUMP B-3 STARTER SUPPORT DETAIL**  
B3 E-1A SCALE: NOT TO SCALE



**2 NEW RECEPTACLE SUPPORT DETAIL**  
B3 E-1A SCALE: NOT TO SCALE



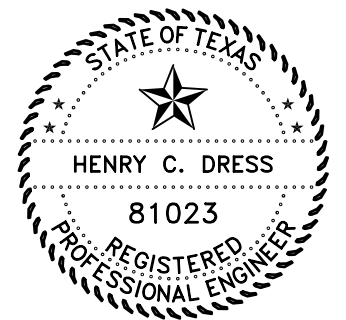
**3 LSH MOUNTING DETAILS**  
B3 E-1A SCALE: NOT TO SCALE



**BIOREACTOR SYSTEM INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM**  
SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

**LEGEND**  
— EXISTING

- NOTES:**
1. INSPECT AND CLEAN EXISTING PUMP 16 LGR CONTACTOR.
  2. STANCHION HOLES, TRENCHING, BACKFILL AND UNDERGROUND CONDUIT BY OTHERS. STANCHION, CONCRETE ENVELOPE AND ALL CONDUCTORS AND SIGNAL WIRE IN BOTH ABOVEGROUND AND UNDERGROUND CONDUIT SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE WORK.
  3. INSTALL SIGNAL TO LSH Tr-1 FROM SWITCH TO PUMP STARTER.
  4. ALL RACEWAY BELOW GRADE SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 PVC CONDUIT. WHERE RACEWAY TRANSITIONS TO ABOVE GRADE AND ALL RACEWAY INSTALLED ABOVE GRADE SHALL BE RIGID GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT.



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CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY  
FACILITY UPGRADES  
Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006

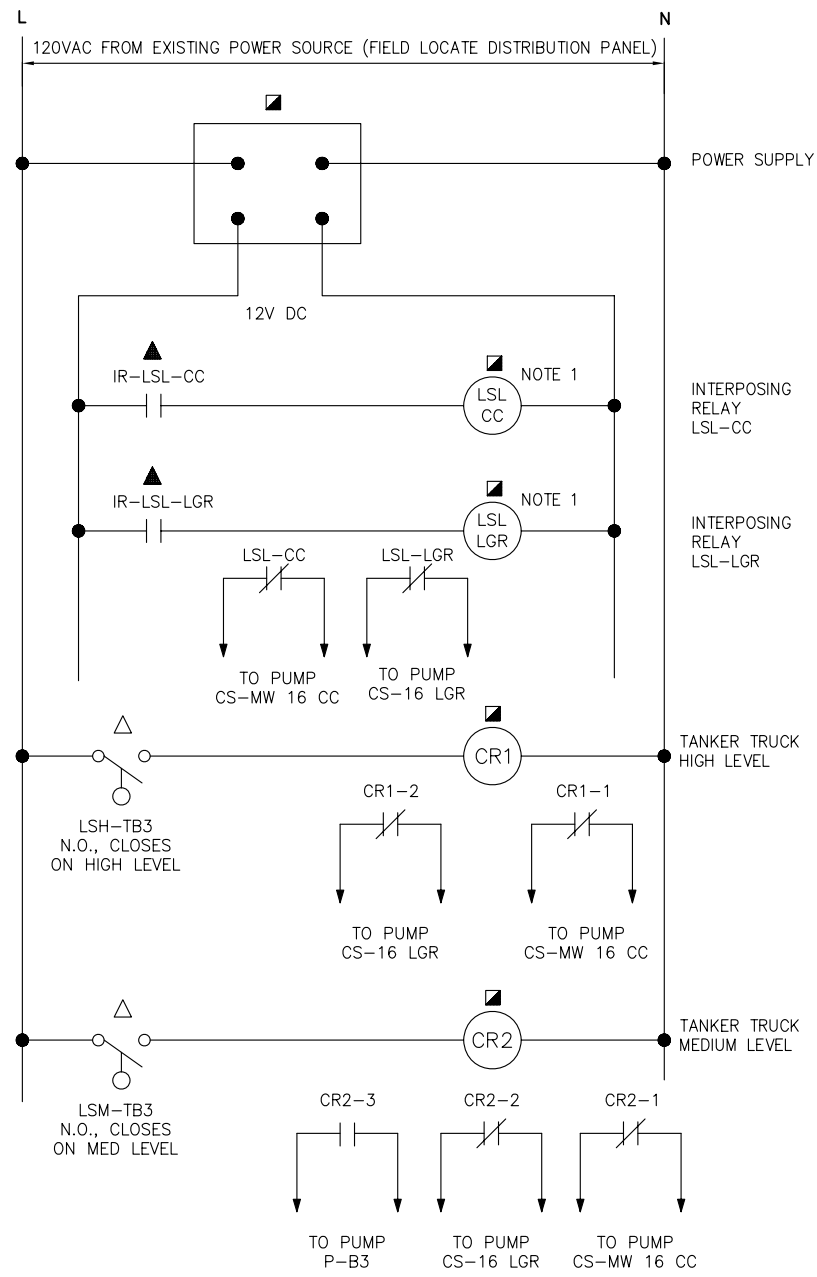
CONTRACTOR :  
**PARSONS** Job No. 744223 WBS 10000

Drawing Title :  
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BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM  
ELECTRICAL INTERCONNECTION  
DIAGRAM AND DETAILS**

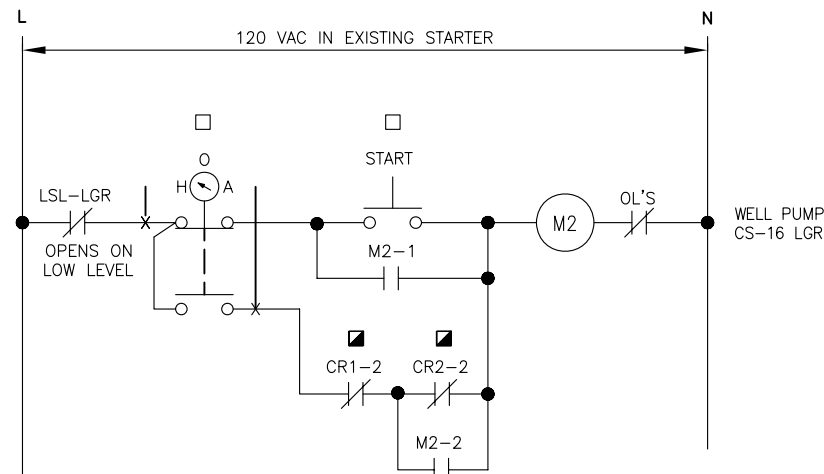
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Checked : KL	Approved : KRR	

Scale : NONE	Date : SEPTEMBER 2006	Drawing No. : B3 E-1B
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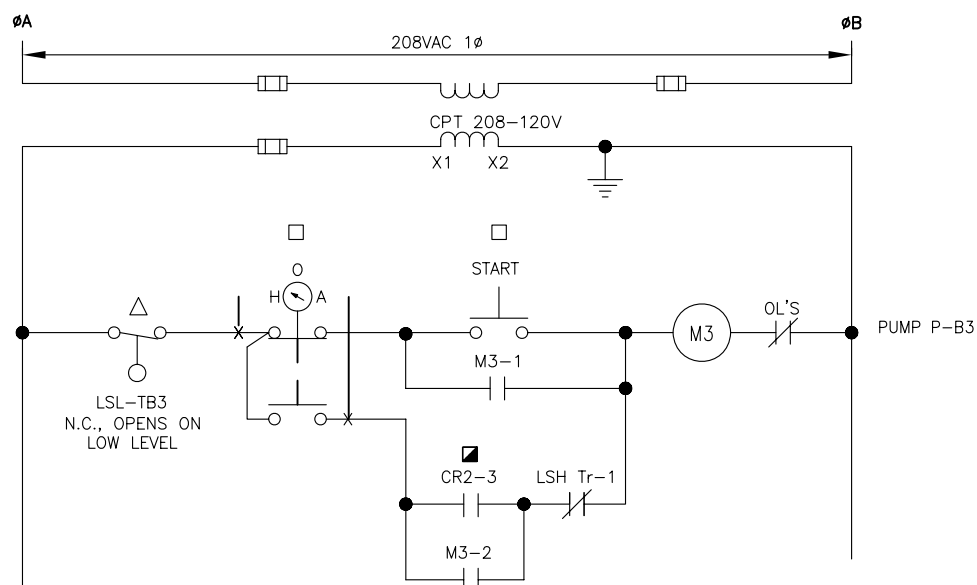




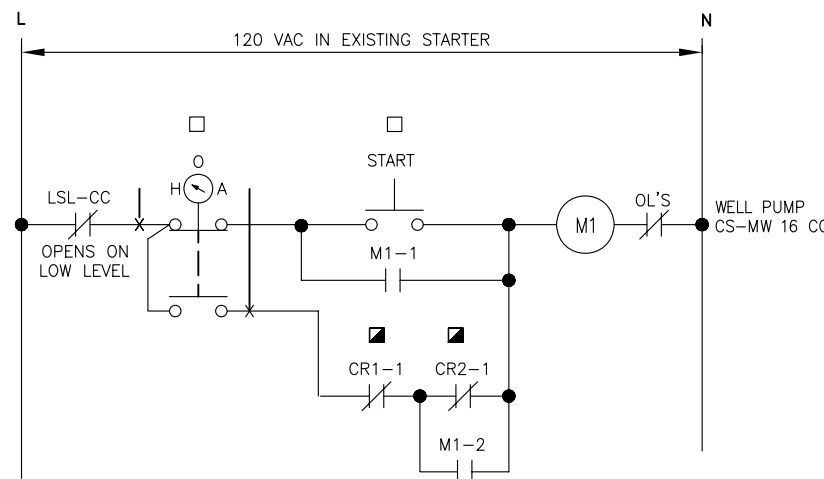
**CONTROL SCHEMATIC**



**WELL PUMP CS-16 LGR SCHEMATIC**



**PUMP P-B3 SCHEMATIC**



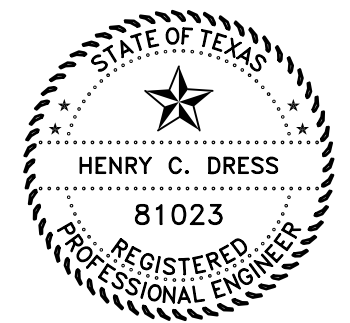
**WELL PUMP CS-MW 16CC SCHEMATIC**

**LEGEND:**

- ▲ — CONTACT OR DEVICE IS LOCATED IN RTU-903
- — COMPONENT OR CONTACT LOCATED IN NEMA 4 HOFFMAN RELAY ENCLOSURE SEE DWG. B3 E-3 DETAIL 1
- △ — LOCATED AT TANKER TRUCK
- — LOCATED ON STARTER DOOR

**NOTE:**

1. CONFIGURE A MINIMUM 20-MINUTE TIME DELAY ON WELL PUMP LOW LEVEL USING SCADA OR OTHER MEANS TO PREVENT SHORT CYCLING.



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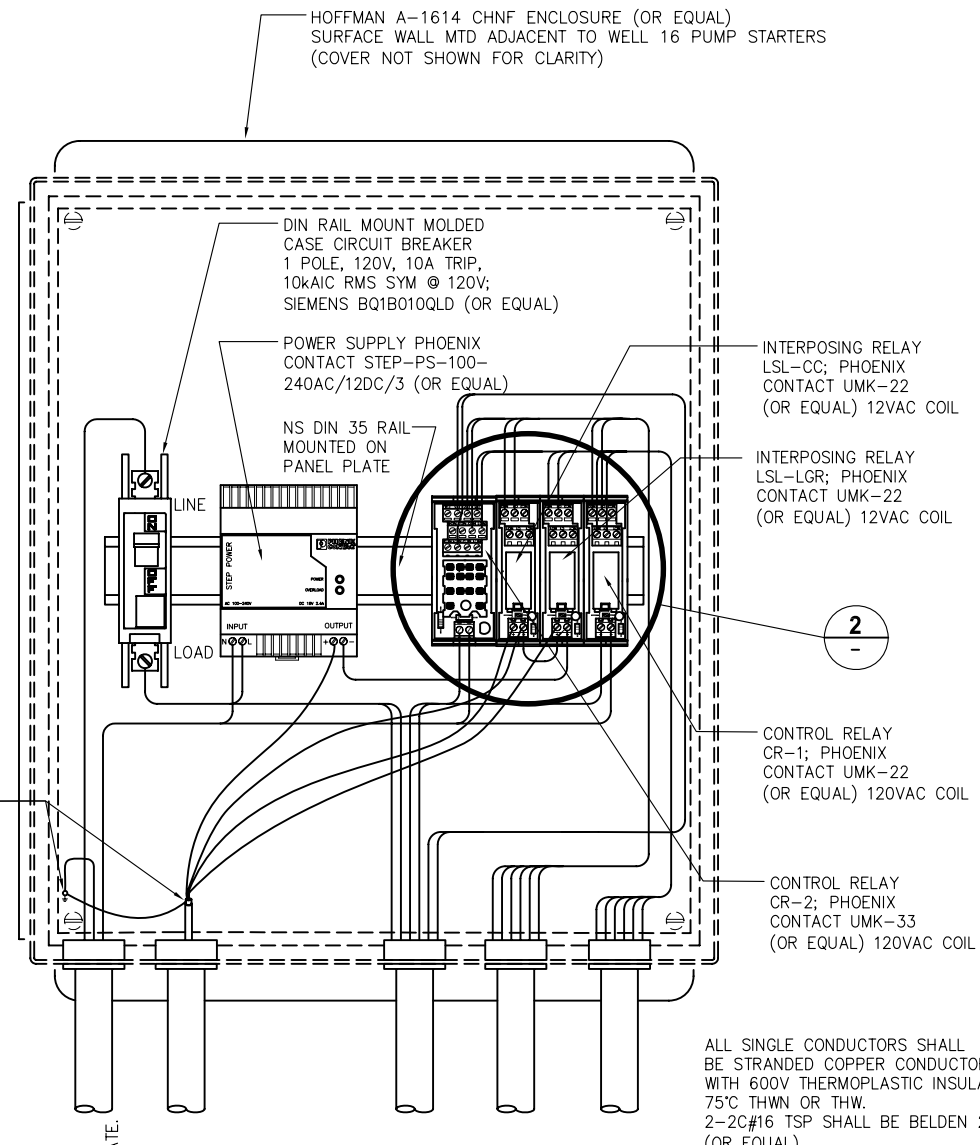
**CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY FACILITY UPGRADES**

Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006

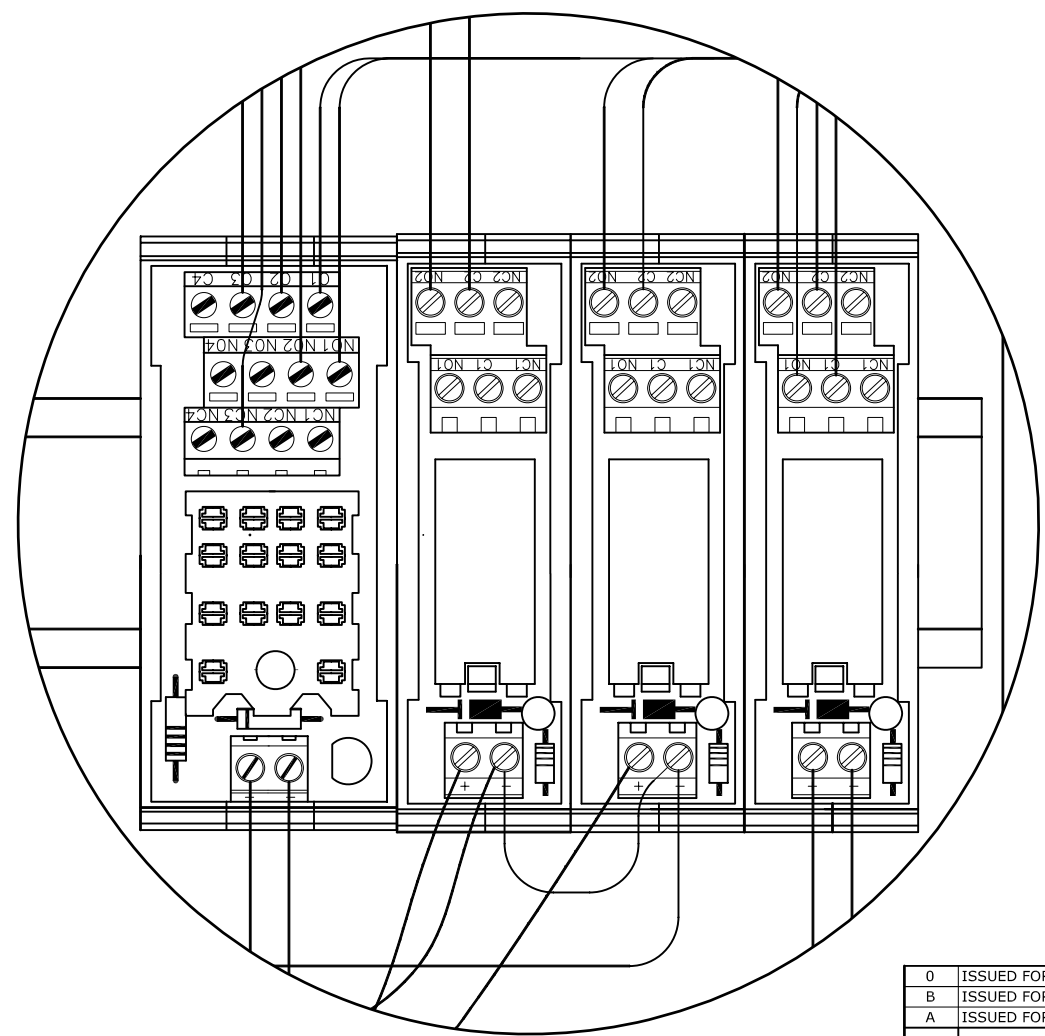
CONTRACTOR : **PARSONS** Job No. 744223 WBS 10000

Drawing Title : **CSSA SWMU B3 BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM ELECTRICAL MOUNTING DETAILS AND SCHEMATICS**

Designed : RL	Drawn : BH	Rev: 0
Checked : HCD	Approved : KRR	
Scale : NONE	Date : SEPTEMBER 2006	Drawing No. : B3 E-2



**1 RELAY ENCLOSURE DETAIL**  
B3 E-1B SCALE: NOT TO SCALE



**2 CONNECTION DETAIL**  
SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

ALL SINGLE CONDUCTORS SHALL BE STRANDED COPPER CONDUCTOR WITH 600V THERMOPLASTIC INSULATION 75°C THWN OR THW. 2-2C#16 TSP SHALL BE BELDEN 22409 (OR EQUAL)

ALL CONDUCTORS SHALL BE NEATLY LACED AND ROUTED WITHIN THE ENCLOSURE. ALL CONDUCTORS SHALL BE TAGGED ON BOTH ENDS AND IN ALL JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES WITH IDENTIFYING TAGS AS TO FUNCTION OR TERMINAL NUMBER

- 2#12 & 1#12G-3/4" FROM EXISTING 120VAC POWER SOURCE, FIELD LOCATE.
- 2-2/C#16 SHLD. 3/4" TO RTU-903 VIA EXISTING PULL BOX
- 6#14, 3/4" TO LSH-TB3, LSM-TB3 AND PUMP B3 STARTER (TANKER TRUCK)
- 6#14, 3/4" TO WELL PUMP STARTER CS-MW16 CC
- 6#14, 3/4" TO WELL PUMP STARTER CS-16 LGR

0	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	HCD	1/2007
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REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY:	DATE:

REVISIONS

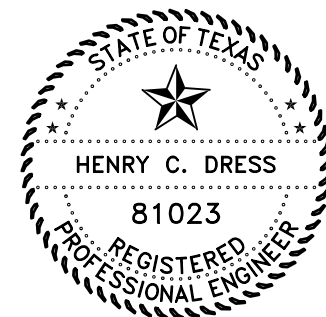
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CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY  
FACILITY UPGRADES  
Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006

CONTRACTOR :  
**PARSONS** Job No. 744223 WBS 10000

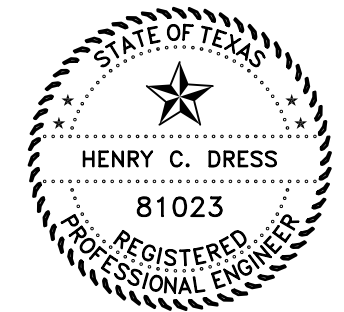
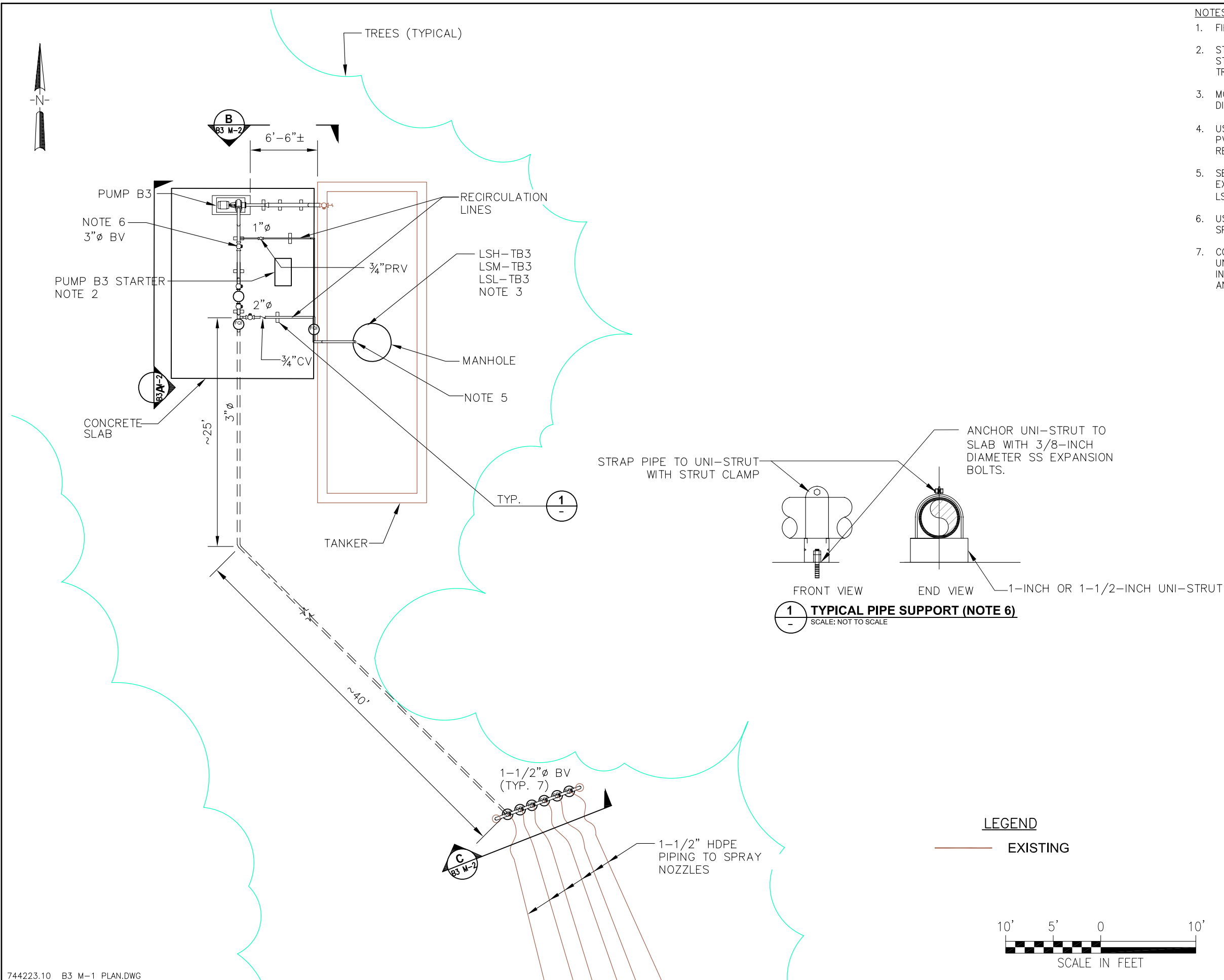
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**CSSA SWMU B3  
BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM  
ELECTRICAL CONNECTION DETAILS**

Designed : RL	Drawn : BH	Rev: 0
Checked : KL	Approved : KRR	
Scale : NONE	Date : SEPTEMBER 2006	Drawing No. : B3 E-3



**NOTES:**

1. FIELD ROUTE PIPE TO APPROXIMATE LAYOUT SHOWN.
2. STANCHION MOUNT CIRCUIT BREAKER COMBINATION STARTER FOR PUMP B-3 IN THE VICINITY OF TANKER TRUCK NEAR PUMP B-3.
3. MOUNT T-B3 LEVEL SWITCHES IN STILLING WELL, 3-INCH DIAMETER PIPE ATTACHED TO MANHOLE PENETRATION.
4. USE CLASS 200 (SDR 21 OR THICKER) SOLVENT WELDED PVC PIPE. PAINT ALL EXPOSED PVC PIPE WITH UV RESISTANT PAINT.
5. SECURE RECIRCULATION PIPE TO MANHOLE RING AND EXTEND PIPE INTO TANK SAME DEPTH AS LSL-TB3 (APPROXIMATELY 6 FEET).
6. USE TYPICAL STRUT STRAP OR EQUAL WITH SUPPORT SPACING NO GREATER THAN 5 FEET APART.
7. CONSTRUCT VALVE AND METER MANIFOLD USING UNI-STRUT OR EQUAL TO ARRANGE VALVES AND METERS IN ORGANIZED MANNER TO FACILITATE METERING READING AND VALVE OPERATION.



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**REVISIONS**

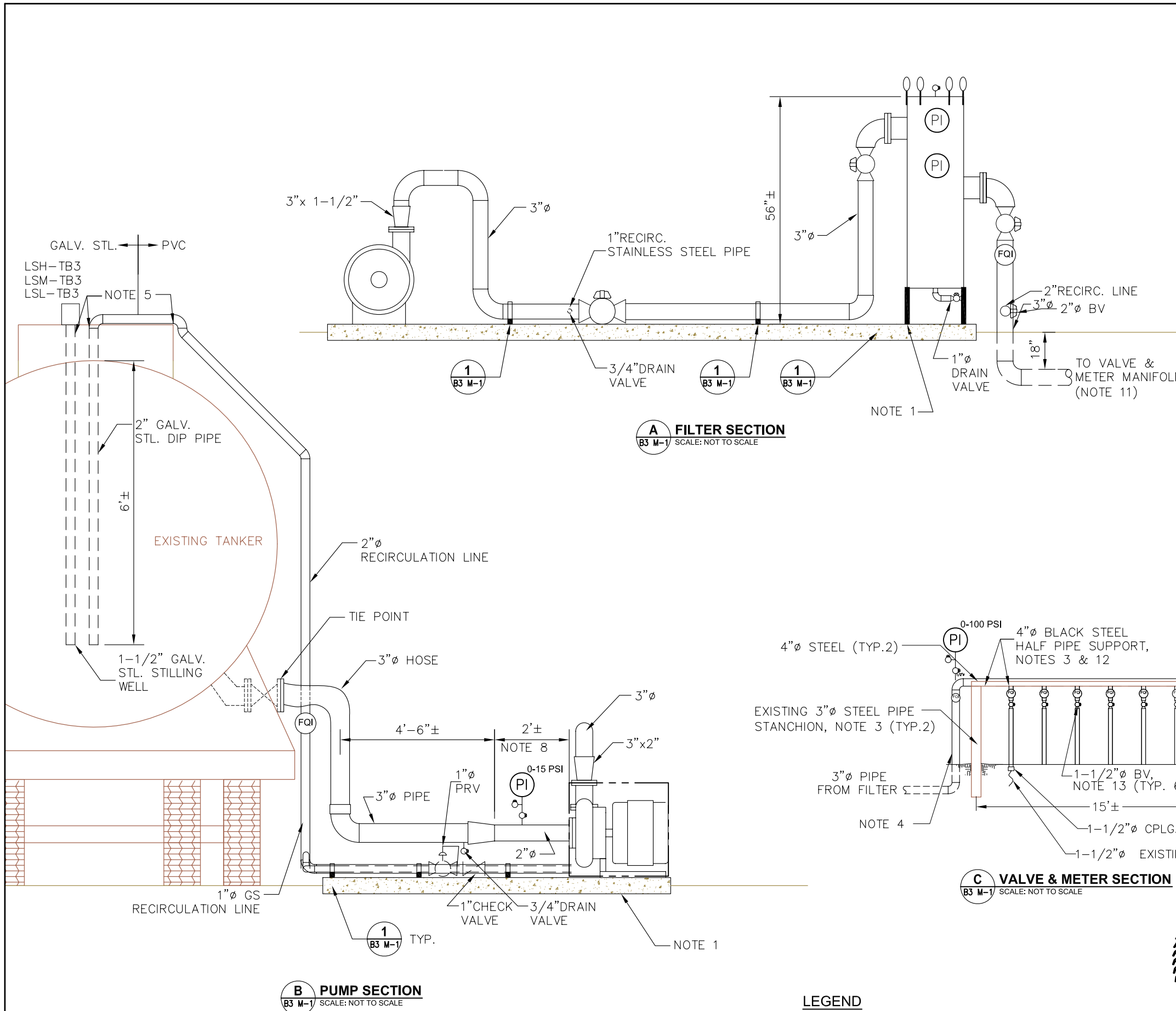
SCALES SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE APPLICABLE ONLY TO B SIZE DRAWING

**CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY FACILITY UPGRADES**  
 Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006

CONTRACTOR : **PARSONS** Job No. 744223 WBS 10000

Drawing Title : **CSSA SWMU B3 BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM MECHANICAL PLAN**

Designed : RH	Drawn : HCD	Rev: 0
Checked : KL	Approved : KRR	
Scale : NONE	Date : AUGUST 2006	Drawing No. : B3 M-1



- NOTES:**
- 6-INCH THICK CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE SLAB. ANCHOR PUMP SECURELY TO CONCRETE BASE USING 3/8" DIAMETER SS EXPANSION BOLTS.
  - INSTALL PIPE SUPPORTS ON PVC PIPE SO MAXIMUM HORIZONTAL SPAN IS < 5 FEET.
  - PRIME AND PAINT ALL CARBON STEEL SURFACES.
  - PAINT ALL EXPOSED PVC PIPE WITH UV RESISTANT PAINT.
  - USE PIPE STRAPS OR OTHER MEANS OF SUPPORT TO RIGIDLY ATTACH, SECURE AND ANCHOR PVC PIPE TO TANKER.
  - PROCURE AND SECURELY ATTACH 8' STEP LADDER TO TANKER OR FABRICATE WOODEN STAIRS TO ALLOW EASY ACCESS TO MANHOLE LADDER.
  - PRESSURE INDICATING GAUGE, ASHCROFT TYPE 1259 WITH 316SS TUBE, TIP AND SOCKET, 1/2" NPT WITH 4-1/2" DIAL. BLOCK AND BLEED VALVES SHALL BE BRASS BALL VALVES WITH 1/2"NPT ENDS.
  - MAINTAIN MINIMUM STRAIGHT RUN PIPE UPSTREAM OF PUMP.
  - CONNECT PVC DROP PIPES TO EXISTING HDPE TRENCH PIPES.
  - PLUG ALL DRAINS VALVES WITH THREAD PLUG.
  - FIELD ROUTE UNDERGROUND LINE TO VALVE & METER MANIFOLD LOCATION. SEE CONTINUATION IN SECTION C.
  - USE 4-INCH DIAMETER HALF STEEL PIPE SUPPORT FOR FULL LENGTH OF PVC PIPE BETWEEN STANCHIONS. WELD HALF PIPE SUPPORT TO 3-INCH STANCHION AND DRILL 2" HOLES IN NEW HALF PIPE SUPPORT FOR DROP LEG TO EACH METER VALVE AND BRANCH PIPE TO THE INDIVIDUAL TRENCHES.
  - USE PVC BALL VALVES AND EQUALLY SPACE DROP PIPES, 2'±

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**REVISIONS**

SCALES SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE APPLICABLE ONLY TO B SIZE DRAWING

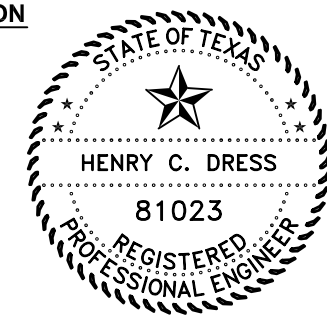
**CAMP STANLEY STORAGE ACTIVITY FACILITY UPGRADES**

Contract No. FA-8903-04-D-8675 Task Order No. 006

CONTRACTOR : **PARSONS** Job No. 744223 WBS 10000

Drawing Title : **CSSA SWMU B3 BIOREACTOR PUMPING SYSTEM MECHANICAL SECTION & DETAILS**

Designed : HCD	Drawn : HCD	Rev: 0
Checked : KL	Approved : KRR	
Scale : NONE	Date : AUGUST 2006	Drawing No. : <b>B3 M-2</b>



## SECTION 16010 GENERAL ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SCOPE

- A. The electrical work covers the new equipment and modifications to implement the Camp Stanley Storage Activity SWMU Bioreactor pumping system. Work includes furnishing all material, equipment, components, tools and labor for a complete electrical installation.
- B. This section summarizes the general requirements for all electrical work.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Provide: Furnish and completely install, and connect.
- B. Product Data: Catalog cuts and descriptive literature.
- C. Shop Drawings: Factory prepared specific to the installation.
- D. Indicated: Shown on the Contract Drawings.
- E. Noted: Indicated or specified elsewhere.

#### 1.3 LOCAL CONDITIONS

- A. Power will be supplied from an existing distribution network at the site.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Provide complete electrical installation in accordance with the latest revised edition of National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), Life Safety Code (NFPA 101), and in accordance with all applicable state and local laws, ordinances and codes. Obtain all necessary permits and have all work inspected by appropriate authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ).
- B. Qualifications of Manufacturers. Furnish manufacturer's electrical equipment of the types and sizes specified which have successfully operated for not less than the past two years except where specific types are named by manufacturer and catalog number or designation.
- C. Codes and Standards. Provide electrical equipment and materials, including installation, conforming to the following codes and standards as applicable. The equipment and materials shall bear labels to indicate manufacturing conformance to the specified standards or equal. Where two or more codes or standards are at variance, conform to the more restrictive requirement.
  - 1. NFPA 70; National Electrical Code (NEC).
  - 2. American National Standards Institute (ANSI).
  - 3. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
  - 4. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).
  - 5. Insulated Cable Engineers Association (ICEA).
  - 6. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA).
  - 7. National Electrical Testing Association (NETA), Section 16T, Electrical Acceptance Tests.
  - 8. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA).



9. Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA).
10. Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. (UL).
11. NFPA 101, Life Safety Code.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

### A. Shop Drawings

1. Submit, for the Contractor's approval, shop drawings to the extent required in this Section.
2. Complete equipment descriptive, operation and installation data shall be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings shall be clear, neat, orderly, legible and in the final format. Hand drawn sketches, redrawn copies of contract drawings and other preliminary type drawings are not acceptable and will be rejected without review. Shop drawings shall include the following.
  - a. Dimensions and weights of equipment.
  - b. Nameplate data including the nameplate material, heights of letters, inscriptions and method of mounting.
  - c. Details showing enlarged views of small parts when required.
  - d. Arrangements of equipment and nameplates.
  - e. Plans showing the equipment assembly, space requirements, conduit hub sizes, clearances and locations for conduits and anchor bolts.
  - f. Elevations showing all parts, devices, components and nameplates, positions and arrangements of the equipment. Show as many elevations as necessary to clearly depict component and device arrangements.
  - g. Schematic and elementary wiring diagrams, of each unit of each equipment, showing numbered terminal points, numbered wires and numbered interconnections to other equipment and remote devices.
  - h. Connection wiring diagrams, of each unit of each equipment, showing numbered terminal points, numbered wires and numbered interconnections to other equipment and remote devices.
  - i. Include numbering of external wiring in the instruction manual.
  - j. Complete catalog information of all parts and components of electrical equipment.
  - k. Symbols and Legend sheet to describe all symbols used on shop drawings.

B. Resubmittals. When a resubmittal is required the Manufacturer shall submit all previously accepted material in addition to the corrected or added information. Corrected and/or additional information shall be clearly identified. It is intended that each resubmittal be a complete and stand-alone document.

C. Materials List. Submit material lists, for the Contractor's review and approval, within 30 days of Notice to Proceed. Include all products electrical products described in the contract documents, including the equipment described in shop drawings. List only those products named in the Contract Documents or approved substitutions.

D. Technical Data. Submit descriptive and instruction manuals to the extent required under this Section .

- E. **Manufacturers' Certified Reports.** The equipment manufacturer, or his authorized representative shall submit a written report with respect to his equipment certifying that (1) the equipment has been properly installed, wired and connected under his supervision, (2) the equipment is in accurate alignment, (3) he was present when the equipment was placed in operation, (4) he has checked, inspected and adjusted the equipment as necessary, (5) the equipment has been operated under full load conditions and operated satisfactorily and (6) the equipment is fully covered under the terms of the guarantee. Reports shall be submitted for the following equipment: Instruments, Relays, and Power Supplies.
- F. **Accessory and Maintenance Materials.** Furnish items as specified herein. Deliver to Contractor as directed with an itemized list in a letter of transmittal accompanying each shipment.
  - 1. **Special Tools and Accessories.** Furnish special tools, instruments and accessories for maintaining equipment requiring periodic repair and adjustment. Also, furnish special lifting and handling devices for equipment requiring such devices.
  - 2. **Maintenance Materials and Spare Parts.** Deliver in manufacturer's original containers labeled to completely describe contents and equipment for which it is furnished.

## **1.6 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. **Delivery.** Deliver electrical materials and equipment in manufacturers' original cartons or containers with seals intact, as applicable.

## **1.7 GUARANTEE AND WARRANTIES**

- A. **Guarantee** all work of Division 16 in accordance with Subcontract Warranty requirements.

## **PART II - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT**

- A. **Provide new materials and equipment** as required to complete all indicated and specified electrical work, including incidental items inferable from the contract documents that are necessary to complete the work. Provide materials and equipment of latest design, standard products of established manufacturers. For uniformity, only one manufacturer is acceptable for each type of product. Manufacture individual parts to standard sizes and gauges so that repair parts can be installed in the field. Make like parts of duplicate units interchangeable.
- B. **Prohibited Materials.** Aluminum conductors are not acceptable.
- C. **Indoor Equipment.** Enclosures for electrical equipment installed indoors shall be rated NEMA 1.
- D. **Outdoor Equipment.** Outdoor electrical equipment shall be weatherproof, NEMA 4 or as indicated.
- E. **Factory Finishes.** Unless otherwise specified, the sheet metal surfaces of equipment enclosures shall be phosphatized and coated with a rust resisting primer. Over the primer, apply a corrosion resistant baked enamel finish on the interior and exterior metal surfaces. The color shall be ANSI No. 49 medium light gray. Furnish hardware with a corrosion resistant finish. Finish cast iron outlet bodies, boxes, covers and fittings with cadmium zinc electroplate covered with aluminum cellulose lacquer.

**2.2 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL**

- A. Factory Tests. Factory tests are required for all electrical equipment and assemblies. Perform tests in accordance with codes and standards specified as applicable to the equipment.

**PART III – EXECUTION****3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. The complete installation is to be accomplished by skilled electrical tradesmen, with certified or suitably qualified individuals performing all special systems installation and testing. All workmanship shall be of the highest quality, sub-standard work will be rejected. Any portions of the work rejected as above shall be immediately repaired and/or replaced as required to satisfy the contractor and the requirements of the contract.
- B. Schedule the work and cooperate with all trades to avoid delays, interferences, and unnecessary work. If any conflicts occur, necessitating departures from the Contract Drawings and Specifications, details of departures and reasons therefore shall be submitted immediately for the Contractor's consideration.

**3.2 CERTIFICATION AND TESTING**

- A. Prior to request for final review, test all systems and repair or replace all defective work. Submit, with request for final review, written certification that all electrical systems are complete and operational.
- B. At the time of final review of electrical work, demonstrate the operation of electrical systems. Furnish labor, apparatus and equipment for system demonstration.
- C. After final review and acceptance, turn over to the Contractor all keys for electrical equipment locks. Present to the Contractor or the Contractor's designated representative, demonstrations and oral instructions for proper operation and maintenance of the electrical equipment and systems.

**END OF SECTION 16010**